

EVENING TELEGRAPH.

10 CENTS PER WEEK.

DIXON, ILLINOIS, TUESDAY MAY 3, 1898

FIFTEENTH YEAR, No. 149

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Real Estate.

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To call tomorrow and see our new line of Suits, Skirts and Jackets. A new lot on hand. Styles Right; Prices Right.

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we give atlas checks?

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Round Corner Block.

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Just placed in our racks the fourth invoice of WALL PAPER this spring, and it is yet early in the season. Never in the history of this old established house have we put out as much wall paper as this spring. This is owing to the extremely low prices and beautiful patterns that we have in stock. To see these papers is to buy them. Call in at

A. H. TILLSON'S

and see them. No trouble to show these goods, and you can see the latest things in paper whether you want to buy or not. I am also agent for the SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO. Prepared House and Barn Paints, guaranteed absolutely pure and will last longer and look better than any other in the market.

116 Galena Avenue.

CELEBRATED

CARTERVILLE EGG COAL

The best coal on the market for use in your soft coal furnace or cooking range.

Exclusive sale by

E. H. CRABTREE,
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Save Money

and buy your
Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry and
Silverware of

S. S. DODGE, The Jeweler.

RELIABLE GOODS at LOWEST
CASH PRICES.

Having secured the assistance of E. L. KLING and J. S. CLARK having returned from his southern visit, we are prepared to do all Watchwork, Jobbing and E. Graving promptly, and in a workmanlike and satisfactory manner.

Cor. First St., and Hennepin Av.

Wasted Time

Is the time you consume in cutting your lawn with a poor lawn mower, for besides being noisy, hard to push and in constant need of adjustment and repair, your lawn looks about as bad after being cut as before.

Why Don't You Try an Imperial!

The United States Government and New York City Parks use them, and we sell and guarantee them.

R. H. HOWELL,
57 First Street.

Repairing Department.

We make a specialty of watch cleaning and repairing of all kinds. Work entrusted to us is certain to receive careful and intelligent treatment from expert and skillful hands. Clocks cleaned, repaired, regulated and set in fine running order. Jewelry and small wares mended and repolished. We use only the best of materials. All work warranted. Prices always reasonable.

G. O. WENDEL,

160 Galena Avenue. Watchmaker and Jeweler.

WAR MAP

of
Cuba,
The World
and the
West Indies!
Size 28x21.

Just what you want to locate
Key West, Canary Islands,
Cape Verde, Dry Tortugas.
Every newspaper reader
should have one of these
maps. The cost is but

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L. E. EDWARDS,

155 Galena Avenue.

VERY LATEST.

CUBAN INSURGENTS ARE AT IT.
Kingston, Jamaica, May 3.—The Spanish forces have evacuated Bayamo, one of the most important parts of Santiago de Cuba, and it is now in full possession of the insurgents.

THAT MANILA CABLE.
London, May 3, 10 a. m.—It will soon be determined whether the interruption of the Manila cable is in the submarine section or in the 90 miles land section. If in the latter, it will be repaired today.

SPAIN DETERMINED NOT TO SURRENDER—WILL FIGHT TO THE BITTER END.

London, May 3.—Electric tests from Hong Kong show that the submarine cable was cut about fifty miles from Manila. It is thought that a week or fortnight may elapse before the cable can be repaired. A dispatch from Madrid says that no idea of surrender there is entertained by the Spanish authorities. It is said that the Spanish government intends to throw the whole naval strength of Spain into one determined, united and supreme effort against the United States. Where they intend to strike has not developed. Sagasta will inform the Cortes at an early day in behalf of the Queen Regent, of Spain's intention to pursue the war to the bitter end.

MANILA NEWS EXPECTED.

Washington, May 3.—President McKinley expects to hear from Commodore Dewey today by way of the dispatch boat Hong Kong.

THAT WHITE SQUADRON.

Madrid, May 3.—An official dispatch from Havana says that the entire American squadron has sailed for parts unknown, presumably in the direction of Key West.

Washington, May 3.—Secretary Long says that Commodore Dewey will be made acting admiral and later will probably be nominated rear admiral.

SPAIN IS EVIDENTLY MAD.

Washington, May 3.—It is stated here on good authority that the Spanish government will concentrate its entire navy against the American fleet in Cuban water and that a decisive battle will be fought there.

MORE NAVAL PRIZES.

Key West, May 3.—The gunboat Castine brought in a small prize schooner, Pasco. The Marblehead has not yet arrived with her big prize steamer, Argonaut.

AWAITING ADVICES.

Washington, D. C., May 3.—The President is waiting advices from Dewey before deciding to send troops to Manila. Representative Grant offered a resolution thanking Dewey and promoting him to be Admiral.

VALUABLE PRIZE.

Key West, May 3.—The Argonauta, captured by the Nashville yesterday is the greatest prize captured during the war. General Weyler's brother-in-law was one of the Spanish officers captured on this ship.

SPANISH STATE TROUBLES SETTLED.
Madrid, May 3.—The cabinet ministerial crisis which seemed certain has been averted and the present ministry is to remain.

FISH BOAT CAPTURED.

Key West, May 3.—The gunboat Castine arrived here with a Spanish fishing smack which was captured off the coast of Cuba.

SPANISH GOVERNMENT IN TROUBLE.
New York, May 3.—A dispatch from Madrid says that a motion to the effect that there is a lack of confidence throughout Spain in the ministry of the Spanish Government will be made in the Cortez today. It would appear that a rebellion at home was feared by the authorities.

WAR TO THE KNIFE.

Washington, May 3.—The Spanish government says that the war will be fought to the bitter end despite the disastrous defeat of its fleet at Manila.

A Spanish Crisis.

Madrid, May 3.—A vote of censure upon the Minister of Marine is to be proposed in the Cortez today. Important papers insist that the cabinet crisis is only postponed for a few hours.

LET THE EAGLE SCREAM.

Hong-Kong, May 3. Manila has fallen! The Stars and Stripes wave over the Philippine Islands and Spain no longer rules that oppressed people.

CLOSING ARGUMENTS

IN THE WENKER MURDER TRIAL.

His Lawyers Pleading for His Life—
Morrison Follows Bethea
for the Defense.

The charge by the state that Wenker went to Creston for the purpose of walking to the Tolsted place with murder in his heart was answered by Mr. Bethea, who said:

The true reason for his being at Creston and Malta was told by Constable Dietrich, who said he was there looking for these young men, who, Wenker himself had explained, had beaten him out of considerable money, and his actions there, going around openly looking for the men, disproved the story of the prosecution. On his way out to Tolsted's the fact that he spoke to and recognized all his former acquaintances; told people that he was going out there, did not show that his purpose was murder.

The testimony of John Randy showing where Wenker was last seen in Tolsted's yard; that he was not sneaking around, but went in there as any man would do. There is other proof that Wenker did not go out there for any other but a good purpose. Wenker and Martha Cady were good friends, and when she left there he left also; and it was shown by one of the state's witnesses that he said he might have trouble, but did not think at the time he would have to kill Tolsted. The speaker submitted to the jury that Wenker went out there for the noble purpose of protecting the good name of this woman; referring to several cases of this character where men had been acquitted of murder after killing to protect the name of a woman, relatives or friends. Mr. Bethea closed at 4:30 in the afternoon and was followed by C. B. MORRISON.

He addressed the court for a few minutes, giving his understanding of the law, in reply to the States' Attorney on the proposition of self-defense, that a man could not take advantage of self-defense protection if he had brought the trouble upon himself which Mr. Brewster said was the situation in this case; Mr. Morrison urging that as he understood it, if the person had a lawful right (which he claimed the defendant had in going out there to talk the matter of gossip over with Tolsted) to put himself in a position where he was afterwards forced to defend himself, then he was entitled to the protection which the doctrine of self-defense gave a man. The court, we understood, agreed with him on that proposition.

Mr. Morrison then addressed his remarks to the jury. He began by telling them what the criminal law was in olden times; how many crimes and offenses were then punished with death; how a man was tried and sentenced without even knowing who his accuser was or having any sort of a chance to defend himself; but, as people became more civilized, they also became more lenient; had more regard for the weakness of human nature and he explained the different ways that different people might look at the same circumstance, until now, only one crime is punishable with death and no man can be sentenced but by a jury of 12 men, and there is no relentless star-chamber trials in this day.

He read to the jury the definition of Murder, the crime the defendant is charged with, as given in the statutes and said that the defendant could never be proven guilty of that crime without the evidence of Booth and Boas, and he would show before he got through that the stories told by these men were absolutely false. He then took up the testimony of these men, and said if it was true, that they were quite as bad criminals, fully as wicked as was urged against the defendant in this case. He claimed that if these men were telling the truth, they were accessories to this very crime for which Wenker is charged, and the speaker made a strong appeal to the jury that they would not allow the testimony of such men, criminals themselves, drunken dead-beats, to deprive any man of his life, or even one moment of his liberty. If they saw fit to punish this defendant, do it on the testimony of honest, upright men, and the defense would be satisfied whatever that punishment might be.

TUESDAY MORNING.

Attorney Morrison resumed his argument at 9 o'clock this morning. He began by showing why Wenker had a good reason for going out to the Tolsted place; jurors were bound to believe that he went there for a good and lawful purpose until proved otherwise by the state. Said that the stories of Booth and Boas that they were going out there to rob was not reasonable. Wenker had been there all summer and if he wanted any money that was

Continued on page 4

WE...

SHOW THIS WEEK

A new and very attractive line of **Shirt Waists**, in the newest plaids and stripes. Also **Ladies' Skirts** in plain and figured Brilliantine, Brocade, Silk and Bayadere Stripes.

Respectfully,

Chas. H. Lapham & Co.

OUR PRICES...

5 Gallons Best Stove Gasolene for 30cts
5 Gallons Best Standard Oil for 25cts
Purity Corn Starch, 6 lb. packages, for 25cts
Purity Laundry Starch, 7 lbs. for 25cts
Yeast Foam, per package 03cts
Gold Dust, per package 15cts
Sata Claus and Lonox Soap, 11 bars for 25cts
Good Pineapples, each 15cts

You can **SAVE MONEY** always by buying of

J. H. MORRIS & SON
GROCERS

Telephone No. 21.

117 Galena Avenue.

WHY

Does this store uniformly ask less prices for goods?

Because we get more business that way—make more store friends—more people save—and we make just as much as if less people paid higher prices. We want the hardware trade of every family that trades in Dixon.

Best Gasolene.	Jewel Gasoline Stoves.	Refrigerators.
5 Gallons for 30 Cents.	Can be returned if not liked. * \$2.50 to \$28.00.	30 Styles and Sizes. \$4.80 to \$20.00.
Lawn Mowers.	Poultry Netting.	Bicycles.
We are surely head- quarters. \$1.75 to \$10.00.	We have sold 150 rolls since March 1st. Prices are Right.	Will tell you about these later. \$30.00 up.

Your money back without a murmur at this store if you want it.

Alexander & Howell
HARDWARE

Our Wagon Delivers.

Both Phones No. 51.

A Bargain Worth Your Notice.....

Misses' Brown Dongola Laced Foxed Shoe, Dime Toe, sizes 8 to 12, at 98c Pair.

Ladies' Black Dongola Shoe, sizes 2 1-2 to 6, at \$1.09 Pair.

THESE ARE ALL SOLID STOCK.

I. B. Countryman Co.

Telephone No. 4.

CEO. SHAVER,



Livery and Boarding Stable

Wagonets for Picnic Parties a Specialty.

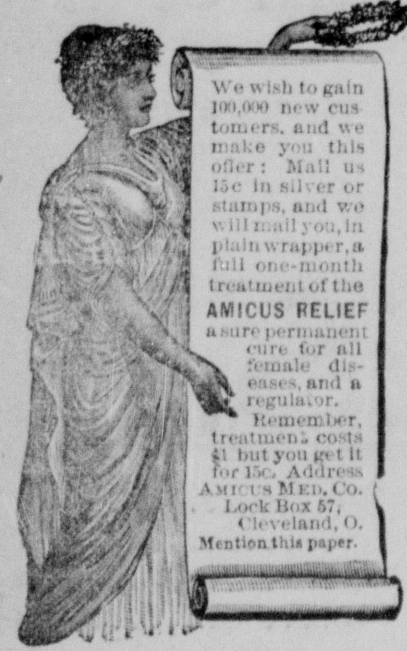
118 First Street, Telephone 34.

USE DR. SCHENK'S Celebrated Brazilian Bitters!

Sure cure for stomach trouble; warranted, price \$1.00 per bottle or 6 bottles for \$5.00. Also agent for the Celebrated MENDOTA EXPORT BOTTLE BEER. Delivered to all parts of the city.

GEO. J. SCHORR, Sole Proprietor.

Lee County Telephone No. 136.



The "Twin Comet" and "Little Giant"

Lawn Sprinkler!

Best made. Unique, Efficient and Labor Saving. Will sprinkle four times greater area than any others. Highest award at the Chicago Exposition.

E. Stebbins, Mfg. Co.

Sole Manufacturers SPRINGFIELD, MASS. JOHN WASLEY, Dixon Agent.

TO PUGET SOUND ALASKA KLONDIKE. THE ONLY LINE TO YELLOWSTONE PARK. Send the undersigned SIX CENTS for a beautiful new Tourist Book called WONDERLAND '08. It has New Cover, New Text, New Illustrations. Every family should have it. UP TO DATE chapters on ALASKA and YELLOWSTONE PARK. CHAS. S. FEE, Gen'l Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

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If you want a nice job of printing done, call at this office.

Painting, House Decorating!

Those in need of Neat Frescoing, Painting, Paper Hanging or Artistic House Decorating, should consult E. A. Patrick.

CABLE AT MANILA CUT

Only News Is That Commodore Dewey Is Still Pounding Away with His Guns.

NO DETAILS YET OF THE FIGHT

In Which He Annihilated the Spanish Pacific Squadron.

Impossible to Say Yet How Many Americans Were Killed or Wounded—Authorities at Washington Have Nothing Official—Madrid Likely to Have a Popular Explosion at Any Moment—Somebody To Be Called to Account for the "Surprise" in the Pacific.

Madrid, May 3.—The cabinet council last night decided to proclaim a state of siege immediately.

London, May 3.—A special dispatch from Madrid says that Dewey gave Augusti twenty-four hours to comply with his ultimatum, demanding all the stores and coal. It is believed that the government has cabled Augusti to comply.

London, May 3.—A dispatch from Hong Kong to The Daily Mail, dated Monday, says: "Commodore Dewey's fleet is off Corregidor island, hotly engaged with the forts there. Electrical experiments show that the cable has been cut at or near Manila."

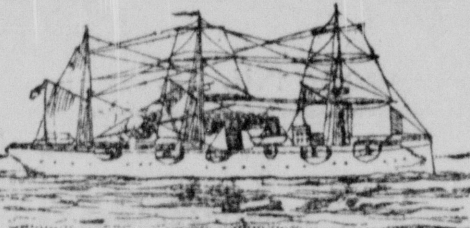
Madrid, May 3.—El Liberal, says Commodore Dewey, of the United States squadron in the Philippines, has demanded the surrender of all Spanish vessels in the archipelago, threatening to bombard the ports if the demand is refused.

Latest News from Hong Kong.

Hong Kong, May 3.—There is no news of the American squadron beyond a private telegram from Captain Concha, of the Spanish cruiser Don Juan de Austria, to his children at a convent school here, mentioning that firing has been heard in the direction of Corregidor island. It is assumed from this that the Americans were reconnoitering the entrance and trying the southern side of the island, which is six miles wide and surrounded by rocks and shoals, though not believed to be mined. There is no news either of the Spanish squadron, but according to the latest advice it could not take the offensive in any case. The cable to Manila is now interrupted.

Popular Explosion Likely at Havana.

Madrid, May 3.—The minds of the people are too full of the disaster to think of anything, but avenging the "surprise" at Manila bay. Senor



THE NEW CRUISER, NEWARK.

Aguilera, the civil governor of Madrid, did not take part in the procession. All his energies were required to watch closely popular feeling, which is certain to explode and to require a propitiatory scapegoat.

London, May 3.—It is suggested at Madrid that the half-breeds at Manila arsenal, insurgents at heart, cut the cables connecting with the sub-marine mines, enabling Dewey to force the harbor in safety.

Spanish Fleet to Sail for Cuba. London, May 3.—According to a dispatch from Cadiz to The Daily Chronicle, it is believed there that orders have been given for a fleet of five vessels to start for Cuba on May 15.

SPANISH ACCOUNT OF THE FIGHT.

Our Squadron Appears Before Cavite at 3 in the Morning.

London, May 3.—The Madrid correspondent of The Times describing the engagement at Manila says: "The Olympia, the Petrel, the Raleigh, the Concord, the Brest and the Monocacy entered the bay under cover of darkness by the smaller and safer Bocachica channel. The forts of Corregidor island gave the alarm by firing on the intruders, but they seem to have inflicted no serious damage. The American squadron moved up the bay and at 3 o'clock in the morning appeared before Cavite. Here, lying under the shelter of the forts, was the Spanish squadron. Admiral Montojo, a few days before, went to Subic bay to look for the enemy, but learning that they were vastly superior in force had prudently returned and placed his ships under the protection of the forts."

This was his only chance of meeting the enemy on something like equal terms and it did not suffice. Soon the Americans opened fire. The Spaniards replied vigorously and the combat continued without interruption for four hours, during which the Don Antonio de Ulloa was sunk, the Castilla and Minerva were set on fire and the Reina Maria Christina and the Don Juan de Austria were seriously damaged. One or two of the smaller craft were scuttled by their crews to escape capture. Others took refuge in a small neighboring creek emptying into Bakor bay where, presumably, the American ships were unable to follow them. But not one surrendered."

Other details of the fight state that Admiral Montojo was taken altogether by surprise, and that the Spanish authorities generally were in a state of utter unreadiness. The forts were not completed, the harbor was not mined, there were no searchlights and the American squadron was only sighted after it had already passed the outer and principal forts. On every side in England is heard praise of the skill and daring displayed by Commodore Dewey in a situation where, if anything had miscarried, he would have been caught in a most desperate position. At the same time credit is given Admiral Montojo, who had a wretched fleet and stood no chance except from the assistance he might receive from the forts. The American vessels, however, by moving to and fro, were easily able to

avoid the badly directed fire from the forts, and looking to all the circumstances it is apparent that the American fleet could have received but slight damage. The moral influence of the first great victory is incalculable.

UNCLE SAM'S NEWS IS SLOW.

He Is the Last Nation to Hear of His Own Sea Victory.

Washington, May 3.—It is a curious fact that the nation most interested of all the great powers in the combat that took place at Manila Sunday should be among the last officially to know of the result. Up to the close of office hours yesterday absolutely the only information that our government had received of the brilliant victory of Commodore Dewey and the winning of the battle



AMERICAN CONSULATE AT MANILA.

of Manila on May day came to the government through the medium of the press dispatches. If the report is true that Commodore Dewey has begun a bombardment and blockade of the city of Manila it is unlikely that he can spare a vessel from his fleet to carry the news to Hong Kong, the nearest cable station, so it is not known when official advice will come.

The greatest anxiety is felt as to the casualties sustained by the American fleet. From the stubborn defense made by the Spaniards it is feared that they burnt, blew up or sunk their ships they managed to inflict severe damage upon Commodore Dewey's squadron. If Commodore Dewey has lost a considerable portion of his men it is feared he will be much embarrassed in the work of maintaining possession of Manila for lack of sufficient forces. United States naval vessels are always undermanned, according to European standards, and it will not be possible, having regard to the safety of the ships, to spare any considerable number of men to keep the city, especially if the engagement has disabled many of them.

There was some talk yesterday of sending troops out from San Francisco to aid in this work, but this has not yet taken shape as far as can be learned, and it is likely that the department will wait to hear from Commodore Dewey himself before taking any action. It may be—and in fact it is expected—that by combination with the insurgents he will succeed in having his men relieved of the task of garrisoning Manila. As to the future of the island, it is likely that the government will retain possession of at least one good port, such as Manila, for a coaling station and base of supplies during the remainder of the war. In the possession of these islands the United States will enjoy a powerful weapon in entering terms of peace with Spain.

DOINGS IN SENATE AND HOUSE.

Both Chambers Pass a War Deficiency Bill for \$35,720,945.

Washington, May 3.—Probably the most important measure passed by the senate yesterday was the emergency war deficiency bill carrying \$35,720,945. Not more than ten minutes were consumed in passing it, that time being occupied in reading the measure. The bill providing for the enlistment of a volunteer brigade of engineers and of 10,000 men in the south who are immune to yellow fever, these enlistments to be in addition to those provided for in the president's call for 125,000 volunteers, was also passed. The war revenue measure passed by the house of representatives last Friday was referred to the finance committee. The conference report on the naval appropriation was agreed to and Butler spoke in favor of his resolution against the issue of bonds. The senate adjourned to tomorrow.

Washington, May 3.—Chairman Cannon, of the appropriations committee, yesterday reported and the house passed the urgent deficiency bill appropriating about \$35,720,945 for war expenses. It was explained that volunteers would be paid from the time of enrollment and their expenses from their homes to the place of enrollment borne by the government. The Alaskan bill was taken up and the provision for a commission to confer with Canada regarding the North Atlantic fisheries was stricken out on a point of order that the committee had no right to incorporate that provision in the bill. The naval bill conference report was agreed to.

REPORT IS AGAIN DENIED.

Yglesias, the Cranky Man on the Puritan, Has Not Been Shot.

Key West, Fla., May 3.—The report that Yglesias, the suspected sailor on the Puritan, had been court-martialed, sentenced and shot is an invention from whole cloth. This is stated on the authority of a high officer of the ship, who gave the information to the Associated Press correspondent last evening. According to this officer a full investigation was made. No evidence of criminality was found. Yglesias was seen near the magazine. He made no overt attempt. He had, however, made indirect threats against the ship and the crew were much incensed against him.

For this reason it has been decided to put him ashore quietly at the time the steamer leaves for the north, advising him to sail on her. This is done to avoid possible violence on the part of the crew, who firmly believe the treason story, and to whose exaggerated stories the sensational accounts printed are due. Yglesias is regarded as irresponsible, but harmless.

Mosby Will Get a Position.

San Francisco, May 3.—In response to a telegram volunteering his services Colonel John S. Mosby, of this city, has received a letter from General Miles to the effect that the commander-in-chief had already recommended him in connection with the raising of troops in the south.

THIRTEEN KILLED BY THE WIND.

Tornado in Missouri Works Terrible Havoc to Life and Property.

St. Louis, May 3.—A special to The Republic from Humansville, Mo., says: At Jerico, in Cedar county, twenty miles from this place, a tornado killed thirteen persons outright and fatally injured five or six more. The Methodist church and several other houses were totally destroyed. Twelve houses were blown over at Walnut Grove, twenty-five miles south of here and one lady fatally injured. Waubesa, a village eight miles from here, in Hickory county, suffered seriously from the same cyclone. Telephone wires are down in this section.

The Way Blanco Puts It.

Madrid, May 3.—Captain General Blanco cables that "an American iron-clad and three smaller vessels attempted to land troops in boats off Herradura at 6:30 p. m. on Saturday. The troops fired on them and the warships replied with a cannonade. But the boats returned to their ships, which disappeared at 8 o'clock." This inaccurate dispatch undoubtedly refers to the few shots fired by the flagship New York at a troop of Spanish cavalry near Cabanas on Friday evening last. Herradura is a small place in Cabanas bay.

British Ship Calls at Havana.

Havana, May 3.—At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon the British cruiser Talbot appeared in front of Morro Castle and saluted, the salutation being answered from Cabanas fortress. The Talbot did not enter the harbor, but sent an officer in a launch, who delivered documents to Gollan, the British consul, after which he accompanied Gollan to pay his respects to the Spanish admiral. Gollan and Jerome, the British vice consul, later visited the palace, there they had a conference with General Blanco.

Committed Suicide by Hanging.

Stevens Point, Wis., May 3.—Louis H. West, who for the past sixteen years had charge of the Green Bay and Western freight depot in this city, committed suicide by hanging. He had been in poor health for a number of years and was no doubt insane when the deed was committed. He went to his barn, fastened a double strand of binding twine over a beam, placed the other end around his neck, sat down on the top of an old desk and then leaned forward, thus strangling himself to death.

Suicide of a Soldier.

Mobile, Ala., May 3.—The Spring Hill camp was distressed yesterday by the suicide of First Lieutenant Rowland C. Hill, of Company C, Twentieth infantry. He had been standing in front of his tent talking to other officers, and having his revolver in hand. As he turned away he raised the revolver to his head and shot himself through the head, back of the left ear. He died instantly. Hill had been acting queerly for several days.

Dewey Has Plenty of Coal, Etc.

Washington, May 3.—Naval bureau chiefs who have charge of equipping the fleets with ammunition and coals say that Commodore Dewey's engagement does not deplete his stock of projectiles, powder, coal and other necessary supplies to any serious extent, and that he has ample supplies of this vital character to carry on such further operations as may be necessary.

Wants a Change in the Philippines.

London, May 3.—The Chronicle says: "The Philippines, no less than Cuba, should be thrown open to the light of tolerance and civilization. It will be time to discuss the proposals of the many claimants to do the work when the United States has been heard from on the subject."

Alleged Loss at the Battle.

Paris, May 3.—Madrid advices say that no Spanish warship surrendered and that the majority of the crews perished. A dispatch from Madrid estimates the Spanish loss at 400 men killed.

Pope Prostrated by the News.

Rome, May 3.—The pope is prostrated by the news from Manila. He expressed horror at the terrible loss of life, and said he wished he had died before seeing such a war.

The Weather We May Expect.

Washington, May 3.—Following are the weather indications for twenty-four hours from 8 p. m. yesterday: For Indiana and Illinois—Partly cloudy weather; cooler in southern portions; northwesterly winds. For Michigan—Partly cloudy weather; scattered showers; light winds, becoming northwesterly. For Wisconsin—Partly cloudy weather; possibly showers in eastern portion; light northwesterly winds. For Iowa—Generally fair weather; decreasing cloudiness; northerly winds.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago Grain and Produce.

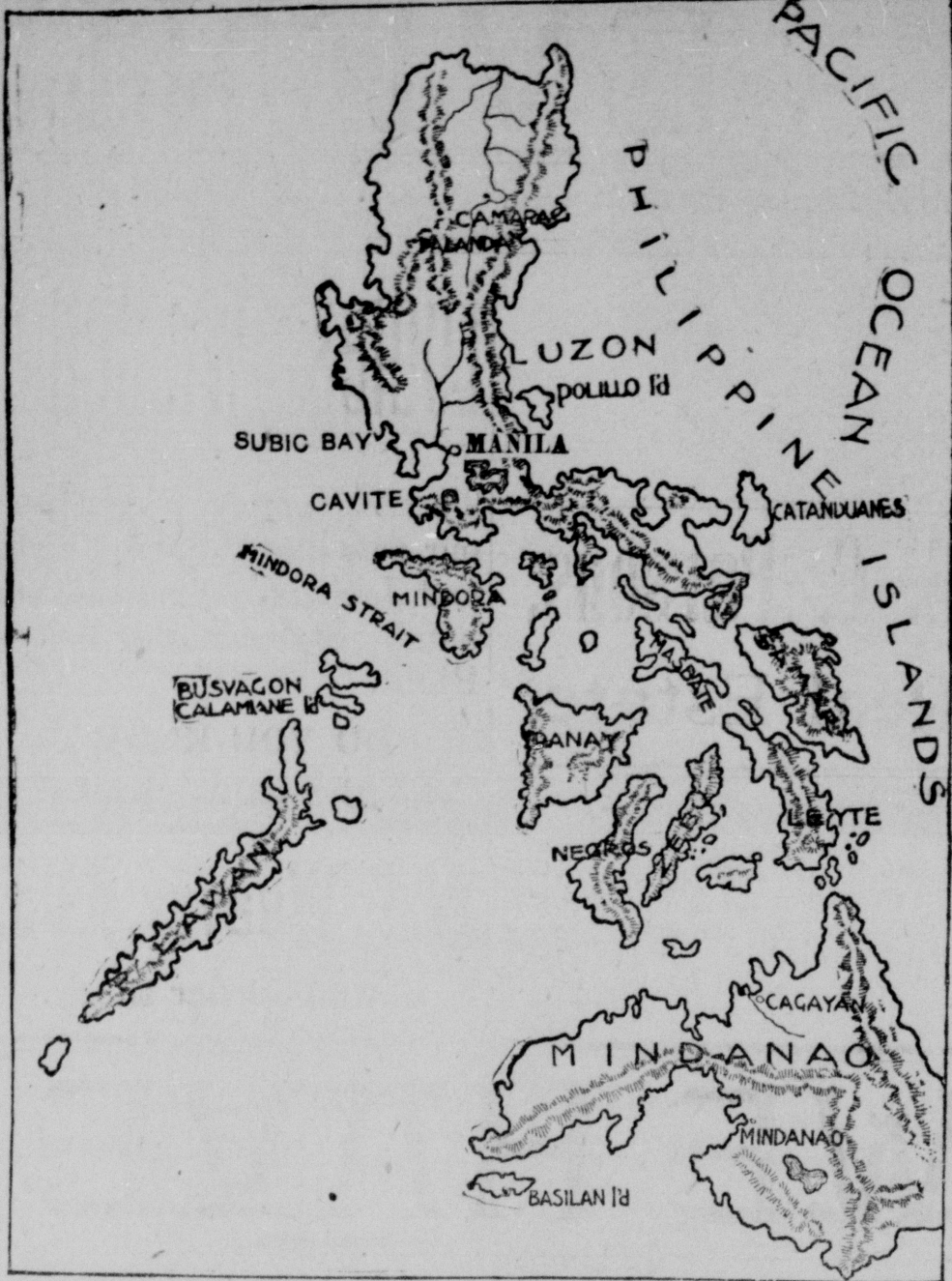
Chicago, May 2. Following were the quotations on the Board of Trade today: Wheat—May, opened and closed \$1.20; July, opened 93½¢, closed 94½¢; September, opened 91½¢, closed 92½¢. Corn—May, opened 33½¢, closed 34½¢; July, opened 34½¢, closed 35½¢; September, opened 35½¢, closed 36½¢. Oats—May, opened 31½¢, closed 32½¢; July, opened 26½¢, closed 27½¢; September, opened 23½¢, closed 24½¢. Pork—May, opened \$11.00, closed \$11.10; July, opened \$11.27½, closed \$11.35; September, opened \$11.82½, closed \$11.90. Lard—May, opened \$5.82½, closed \$5.90; July, opened \$5.75, closed \$5.80; September, opened \$5.75, closed \$5.80. Produce: Butter—Extra creamery, 16½¢ per lb.; extra dairy, 15¢; fresh packing stock, 12¢. Eggs—Fresh stock, 10½¢ per doz. Live Poultry—Turkeys, 70¢ per lb.; chickens, 7½¢; ducks, 8¢. Potatoes—Common to choice, 65¢ to 77¢ per bu. Sweet Potatoes—Illinois, \$3.50 to \$4.00 per bu.

Chicago Live Stock.

Hogs—Estimated receipts for the day, 38,000; sales ranged at \$3.10 to \$4.05 for pigs, \$3.85 to \$4.07½ for light, \$3.90 to \$4.00 for rough packing, \$3.90 to \$4.15 for mixed, and \$4.00 to \$4.20 for heavy packing and shipping lots. Cattle—Estimated for the day, 16,000; quotations ranged at \$5.00 to \$5.25 for choice to extra steers, \$4.00 to \$4.95 for good to choice do., \$4.15 to \$4.70 fair to good, \$3.85 to \$4.25 common to medium do., \$3.85 to \$4.25 butchers' steers, \$4.00 to \$4.90 fed western steers, \$3.75 to \$4.25 stockers, \$3.10 to \$4.70 heifers, \$2.75 to \$4.25 bulls, oxen and stags, \$3.60 to \$4.50 Texas steers, and \$4.00 to \$6.25 veal calves. Sheep and Lambs—Estimated receipts for the day, 22,000; quotations ranged at \$3.60 to \$4.55 westerns, \$3.00 to \$4.65 natives, and \$4.00 to \$5.50 lambs.

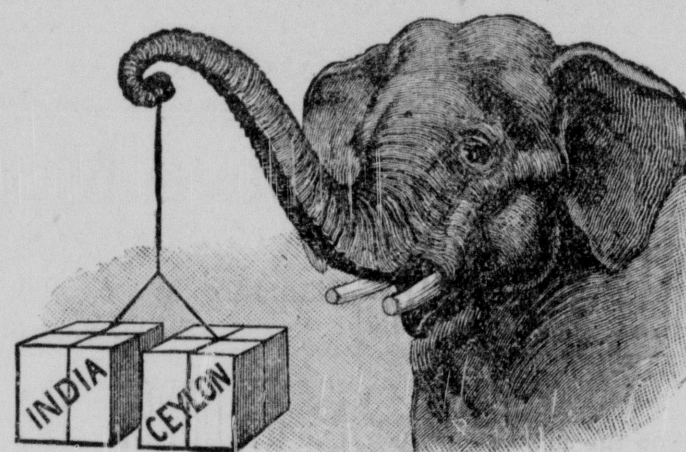
Milwaukee Grain.

Milwaukee, May 2. Wheat—Steady; No. 1 northern, \$1.14; No. 2 northern, \$1.11 to \$1.14; May, \$1.13½; July, \$1.12. Oats—Higher; sample, 32½¢ to 33½¢. Rye—Higher; No. 1, 53¢; No. 2, 62½¢. Barley—Higher; No. 1, 52¢; sample, 47 to 52¢.



MAP OF THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Above is an accurate and comprehensive map of the group of islands known as the Philippines. Of these, the most important is Luzon, of which Manila is the capital. A glance at the map shows the city of Manila is located on the east side of the bay of the same name. Three miles southwest of Manila is Cavite; at both places are located land forts and batteries. It was against the latter that Commodore Dewey's fleet had to contend in connection with the Spanish fleets. To the west and just north of the Bay of Manila is Subic bay, where Dewey's squadron was previous to entering Manila bay.



TETLEY'S TEAS!

Use it once and you will buy no other. For health, happiness and for being palatable to the taste it is unsurpassed. A young lady agent from London, Eng., will be at the Chicago Department Store all this week, and will serve customers with fragrant cups of this, the finest tea the world produces. Call and procure a sample.

CHICAGO DEPARTMENT STORE, Agents.

JOB PRINTING!

Envelopes, Note Heads, Letter Heads, Bill Heads, Statements, Receipts, Notes, Checks, Tickets, Invitations, Cards, Programmes

EVERYTHING! ANYTHING!

From a calling card to an elegant bound book. Call and examine stock and get prices.

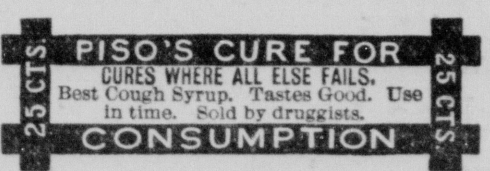
THE TELEGRAPH OFFICE

Piso's Cure For Consumption

Como, Wis., Jan. 10, 1898.

I would not be without PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION for anything. For a bad Cough or Cold it is beyond all others.

Mrs C. REYNOLDS.



Hyannis, Nebr., Jan. 2, 1898.

I regard PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION as the best Cough medicine on the market, having used it for 15 years.

J. A. WESTOVER.

"The Best Cough Medicine."

ANNOUNCEMENT.

W. M. H. GRAY would respectfully announce to his friends in Lee County that he will be a candidate for County Treasurer at the coming election, subject to the action of the Republican County Convention.

I HEREBY announce myself a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Lee County, subject to the action of the coming Republican County Convention, and will appreciate the support of my friends. M. J. McGOWAN. d&w

I HEREBY announce myself as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Lee County, subject to the action of the coming Republican County Convention, and will appreciate the support of my friends at the primaries. CHARLES F. FURLEY. d&w

I HEREBY announce that I am a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Lee County, subject to the action of the coming Republican County Convention, and will be thankful for the support of his friends. d&w

I HEREBY announce myself a candidate for the office of County Clerk for Lee County, subject to the action of the coming Republican County Convention. Respectfully, WALTER B. MERRIMAN. d&w

I HEREBY announce myself a candidate for the office of County Clerk of Lee County, subject to the action of the coming Republican County Convention. Respectfully, S. O. BARNETT. d&w

I HEREBY announce myself a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Circuit Court of Lee County. Subject to the action of the coming Republican County Convention. IRA W. LEWIS. d&w

I. FRANK EDWARDS hereby announces himself a candidate for re-nomination, by the coming Republican County Convention, to the office of County Superintendent of Schools. d&w

LIFE INSURANCE.

THE New York Life Insurance Company now issues policies with loans cash settlement, paid up policy and extended insurance. Issued special policy for ladies. W. A. DUTCHER, General Agent. 10617

MISCELANECUS.

RAGS AND OLD IRON, copper, brass, bone, rubber, bottles, lead, zinc, etc. Highest cash prices paid. Postal orders will receive prompt attention. RUBENSTEIN & SLABEDOWSKY, 107 West First street, Dixon, Illinois. 10497122mos

LAWN MOWERS Sharpened and all kinds of machines repaired by competent mechanics. Have about 1,000 feet of best 1 1/2 inch rope for sale, good as new. REYNOLDS WIRE CO. 125112

MONEY TO LOAN.

FROM \$500 to \$20,000, lowest rate of interest. Real estate security. LOVELAND & STITTELEY. 11513m

CITY NATIONAL BANK.

SAMUEL O. ELLIS, Pres.
J. W. CRAWFORD, Vice Pres.
LEONARD ANDRUS, Cashier.
CHAS. E. CHANDLER, Asst. Cashier.
This bank is fully equipped to take care of its customers. Its safety deposit vaults and boxes should be patronized by everybody who desires absolute security for their valuable papers, jewelry, etc.

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MORRISON & BETHEA.
ATTORNEYS AT Law, Schuler Building
Telephone 18.

EDMUND E. OWENS, M. D.
COUNTRYMAN Building, Rooms 12, 13 and 14. Office hours 1:30 to 5:00 and 7:00 to 8:30 p. m. Residence Telephone 81; Office 80.

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PIANO TUNER, 150 Galea Avenue. Res. 306Sat 17
dence 55 Chamberlain St.

C. J. REYNOLDS,
Mining Stock Broker
Colorado Springs, Colorado,
Member Board of Trade and Mining Exchange. Correspondence Solicited.

\$10 ONE OPEN DOOR TO PROSPERITY.

\$25 PER DAY

We have something to sell that brings good times to all concerned. We desire an energetic man in every town to introduce the best thing on earth. It is an absolute necessity which housekeepers must have and with which they are not yet supplied.

NO HUMBUG. Requires no lying nor deception. A miser can conceivably embark in it and still make a fortune. It is also adapted to ladies. They nearly always succeed.

No canvassing required. You can sell it at home, for as soon as it is introduced, you will have at once a money-making business. Its demand is increasing and universal. The average profits are from \$100 to \$500 per month. It is an article of great merit that can be handled on a large or small scale with 400 per cent. profit.

Send us your address: we will at once forward to you, by mail, full particulars and information free of cost. We only establish one agent in a place and desire to secure the proper agent at the start. We help those who wish to get started.

You must act at once if you hope to get an agency, as they are being rapidly taken. It's a brand new thing. One of our best agents writes he has cleared \$5,000 in six months. We have and give exclusive control of territory. Write at once. Be accurate about names and addresses. Write to—

The McCausland Mfg. Co., Indianapolis, Ind

BLOOD POISON

A SPECIALTY Primary, Secondary, Tertiary, Blood Poison permanently cured in 15 to 30 days. You can be treated at home for same price under same guarantee. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills and no charge, if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodine, potash, and still have aches and pains, itchy eruptions in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper-colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, or eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON. We guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. \$500,000 capital behind our unconditional guarantee. Absolute proofs sent sealed on application. Address: COOK REMEDY CO., 580 Madison Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

Thurston's PILLS

are perfect health jewels, never fail to relieve. When everything else has failed to bring you relief, try these Pills. They cure constipation, stomach and liver troubles, and give you a new lease of life. Write to THURSTON'S PILLS. No mail order. See package.

CAMPS OF THE GUARD

Illinois Troops Getting Down to the Steady Work of Military Instruction.

PRACTICE MARCH OF SEVEN MILES.

Regular Rations of the United States Army Now the Bill of Fare—Examinations for Surgeons Begun—Flag Presentation—Enlistment of Soldiers Begins—Process of Reducing the Force Goes on at the Indianapolis Camp—Iowa Officers to Lead Her Men.

Camp Tanner, Springfield, Ills., May 3.—Camp Tanner is now in perfect military post, and everything is running smoothly. The discipline enforced by General Barkley, commander of the post, is almost equal to that of the regular army. Each day the order grows better. The practice marches, commencing at five miles and increasing a mile each day and to be continued each day until a distance of twelve miles in an afternoon is covered, is proving of the greatest benefit to the men. The next marches, after twelve miles are accomplished in light marching order will be done in heavy working order, increasing the distance one mile a day until twelve are covered in four hours. Yesterday afternoon each regiment marched seven miles. The country roads are still muddy, so the troops were marched into the city on the pavement again.

Getting Them into Military Shape.
Considerable maneuvering was done and the troops were cheered all along the line. The discipline enforced in the mornings by General Barkley is also beneficial. This consists of squad, company and battalion drill. A thorough course of sentry and guard duty is also enforced. General Barkley now having a guard that reaches around the entire 160 acres. The discipline is so perfect that a patrol guard has not been sent to the city for two nights. The camp is now receiving United States rations. Lieutenant Davis, U. S. A., is the quartermaster of the post and Lieutenant Cole, U. S. A., is the government commissary.

Examination for Surgeons.
Lieutenant Bleimig, law surgeon U. S. A., and Lieutenant Carter, surgeon First brigade, I. N. G., held an examination for medical officers in the senate chamber of the state house, commencing at 1 p. m. The examination was private. Each regimental surgeon and three assistant surgeons of each regiment were examined. Those passing the best examination will be the ones accepted by the government. The new regulations only include one regimental surgeon and two assistants. Upon the request of Surgeon General Senn, Major Charles Adams, surgeon, was detailed on special duty and assigned to duty with the First brigade. Charles C. Ames was appointed aid-de-camp, First brigade, with the rank of first lieutenant. Forty ladies arrived from Mattoon to attend the flag presentations in the afternoon to company E, of the Fourth regiment. Judge Horace S. Clark made the presentation speech.

Many More Men Sent Home.
The United States army surgeons and enlisted officers began with the First regiment and will go through the other regiments in their order. The cavalry and artillery will be examined last. Yesterday's report shows thirty brigadier staff officers, 401 officers and 8,728 men in camp, making a total of 9,127. Many more men were sent home yesterday, having failed to pass the physical examinations, and these are not included in the total number in camp. Two guns of battery B, of Galesburg, arrived in camp yesterday afternoon, and with battery A, of Danville—making six guns—will form a battery for United States service.

THREE HUNDRED NOT WANTED.
All the Superfluous Men Have Not Left the Indiana Camp.

Indianapolis, May 3.—Notwithstanding the order of General McKee Saturday that all men who did not intend to volunteer should leave camp, there were still in camp 300 more men than will be required to fill the state's quota. About 500 men have gone home under the general's order. For every man that left his company, at least a half dozen were in waiting to step forward and fill the vacancy. The official reports to General McKee yesterday showed 4,691 men in camp. The maximum number of men that can be mustered into the regular service is 4,300—4,000 infantrymen and 300 artillerymen.

Nearly every company came into camp with from ten to forty surplus men, so that it was easy to spare the men who did not wish to go to the front and have been sent home. A few companies have been reduced below the maximum number, but in every instance, except one, recruits have been brought from the home of the company at once and the quota has been filled. General McKee authorizes the statement that there is no prospect of places opening for additional volunteer companies.

Cities and towns that have furnished companies have local pride in their organizations and will see to it that all vacancies are promptly filled. "Besides there are many young men hanging around camp awaiting an opportunity to enlist," said the commander. As a rule the men with families have stepped aside and made places for young men with no special home ties.

St. Louis, May 3.—It has finally been settled that Missouri volunteers will go into camp in this city near Tower Grove park not later than tomorrow, when the government will at once begin mustering the men into United States service.

Milwaukee, May 3.—The Wisconsin National Guard will be mustered into the service just as it was organized by the state, and not as provided by the army reorganization bill recently passed by congress. Last night the war department authorized Captain W. L. Buck, the mustering officer, to muster in the three majors and nine battalion adjutants of the guard who under the new army law were not permitted to enlist.

Des Moines, Ia., May 3.—The officers now in command will go to the front at the head of the Iowa militia. This was decided by Governor Shaw yesterday, and Adjutant General Byers last night notified General Lincoln, Captain Olmstead and General Prime, who were appointed as an officer examining board, so as to reduce the number of officers to settle the reorganization problem, that their services in that capacity would not be needed.

TWO VETS ON DEWEY'S VICTORY.
Gen. Harrison and Admiral Brown Praise the Brave Commander.

Indianapolis, May 3.—General Benjamin Harrison was seen at his home last night by a representative of the Associated Press and asked for an expression on the great naval victory. He prepared the following expression: "If the accounts we have received are correct the performance of our fleet under Commander Dewey at Manila will take a very high place in naval history. The passing at night into a harbor that was mined, to encounter at dawn the Spanish fleet under the guns of land fortifications, and that without any reconnaissance our dilatory preliminaries, was a magnificent exhibition of pluck. It recalls Farragut and Mobile bay. The fight must have been very hot, and we can hardly, I suppose, have escaped some losses in the gallant crew—if not of ships. I have an undaunted faith in the American navy—ship for ship and man for man, it is unmatched."

Admiral George Brown speaks in the most enthusiastic terms of Commodore Dewey. "Why," said the admiral, "I may say that I brought him up. I have known him since he entered the naval academy in 1854 or 1855. What a chance he had. But he was equal to it. The fight at Manila was his Trafalgar. More fortunate than Nelson he will live to enjoy the honor he has won. The moral effect of this victory in Europe is almost incalculable. The demoralization to Spain cannot be computed. I do not think Blanco can now hold out a month in Cuba. I would have been greatly disappointed if Dewey had not accomplished everything he was sent to do."

First Illinois Victim of the War.
Springfield, Ills., May 3.—Roy Parish, of Western Springs, a Chicago suburb, died Sunday evening at St. John's hospital of meningitis. The surgeons gave him up Saturday evening. He was enlisted as a private in the First cavalry and is the first of the Illinois volunteers to meet death. His mother was at his bedside when the end came.

INCREASE IN THE DEBT.
War Expenditures Begin to Make Inroads on the Government Debt.

Washington, May 3.—The monthly statement of the public debt issued yesterday shows that at the close of business April 30, 1898, the debt, less cash in the treasury amounted to \$1,018,432,652, an increase for the month of \$9,716,301. The increase in the debt is accounted for by a corresponding increase in the cash on hand and the decrease in the cash is due to war expenditures. The debt is recapitulated as follows: Interest-bearing debt, \$847,367,010; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, \$1,250,640; debt bearing no interest, \$385,595,584; total, \$1,234,243,274.

The cash in the treasury is recapitulated as follows: Gold, \$217,190,135; silver, \$512,894,282; paper, \$70,526,018; bonds, disbursing officers' balances, etc., \$30,507,395; total, \$831,117,832. Against which there are outstanding demand liabilities amounting to \$615,307,249, leaving the net cash balance in the treasury \$215,810,622.

Scores on the Diamond.
Chicago, May 3.—Following are the League base ball scores yesterday: At Chicago—Louisville 7, Chicago 13; at Pittsburgh—Cincinnati 7, Pittsburgh 3; at Brooklyn—Philadelphia 9, Brooklyn 10; at Washington—Boston 7, Washington 0; at Baltimore—New York 4, Baltimore 6; at Cleveland—Rain.

Western League: At Milwaukee—Columbus 5, Milwaukee 10; at St. Paul—Kansas City 2, St. Paul 5; at Minneapolis—Omaha 2, Minneapolis 6.

ABBREVIATED TELEGRAMS.
Wilson & Horton, large woolen manufacturers at Pittsfield, Mass., have assigned. Liabilities, heavy; assets, about equal.

Ray Lombard, 13 years old, son of Charles Lombard, drowned in Willow river, near Hudson, Wis., by getting swamped in a leaky boat.

Lieutenant Whitney, of the United States army, reached the camp of General Gomez Saturday night with plans for a combined movement on Havana.

Eight persons were killed and over \$100,000 worth of property was wrecked in the cyclone which swept over Iowa and southwestern Dakota Saturday night.

The big Noxall shirt factory at Quincy, Ills., has been sold by Isaac Leam & Co. to Hargadine, McKittick & Co., of St. Louis, for \$150,000. It will be run as usual.

The Watkins car shops near Lake Charles, La., containing the most improved machinery for car building and repairing, burned. Loss, \$75,000; no insurance.

Colonel Fred Grant was sworn in at the Second brigade headquarters, Brooklyn, Sunday, and is now commander of the "Fighting Fourteenth" of New York.

A lone robber entered the residence of Mrs. Bertha Solomon at Chicago at 3 o'clock at night, attacked her in the hallway, choked her into insensibility and obtained \$57.

Game Warden G. L. Miller shot Chas. Skellenger, a fisherman, in the neck near Prairie du Chien, Wis. Skellenger, it is alleged, threatened Miller's life with a shotgun.

Mrs. Thomas T. Roe, of Washington, claims to be the first, and Mrs. N. H. Van Sighlen, of Chicago, the second, woman to ride a woman's bicycle, which was done in both cases in 1887.

The purses offered at the Dubuque, Ia., races, aggregate \$35,000. Free-for-all pace, \$5,000; free-for-all trot, \$5,000; no purse is less than \$1,000. The races takes place the last week in August.

Leo, son of John Flechter who runs a boot and shoe store at Kaukauna, Wis., was drowned while fishing. The body was recovered. It is less than a month since Mr. Flechter lost his wife.

Charles Johnson and John Nolan, mortician and conductor, respectively, of the car which killed little Vincent Prinz, were acquitted of all blame by a coroner's jury; yet a Chicago mob tried to kill both men.

UNDER MARTIAL LAW.

Spain's Capital Turned Over to the Military to Keep It in Order.

AIMED AT POLITICAL OUTBREAKS.

Streets of the City Full of Troops—Mob Tries to Break into a Theatre and Is Baffled by the Police—Ministers Horrified by the Second Dispatch from Manila—Queen Terribly Distressed—Weyler Talks Freely of His Rule in Cuba.

Madrid, May 3.—The cabinet council after a late session last night, decided to proclaim a state of siege immediately. Proclamation of martial law in Madrid was due to the attitude of certain political parties since the news from Manila. The whole garrison was ready in barracks. Senor Aguilera, the civil governor of Madrid, at midnight posted on the walls of the home office the customary proclamation intimating that the civil authorities consider the circumstances justify the handing over to the military authorities the mission of keeping order. Lieutenant General Dagan, captain general of Madrid, has charge, and the first military patrols have appeared in the Puerto del Sol.

Mob Attacks a Theatre.
A mob tried to break into the Apollo theatre and hold a manifestation. The police prevented the attempt from being successful, but the crowd broke all the windows before they were dispersed. Immediately after the declaration of martial law large numbers of the police and the civil guards occupied the principal streets. The Puerta del Sol is held by a squadron of the Princess hussars, while the Pavia hussars dismounted are in the Pontefias square, near the telegraph office. The Princess hussars are a fine sight, their white uniforms gleaming in the bright moonlight, as they sit on horseback, immovable, in close order in the center of the Puerta del Sol, while the patrol and civil guards are mechanically moving through the square which is nearly deserted. Considering the extraordinary precautions that have been taken there are remarkably few people about.

How the Cabinet Learned the Truth.
While ministers Sunday evening were discussing Governor General Augusti's dispatch, rumors reached the cabinet that the newspaper men had received news of the second engagement. General Correa and Admiral Bermejo immediately communicated with their departments and found that a fresh dispatch was being deciphered. The confused wording of the message showed the state of mind of the sender, Admiral Montojo, but finally its contents were elucidated and demonstrated to the ministers' horror the complete destruction of the Spanish squadron. General Correa and Admiral Bermejo went straight to the queen regent, who was terribly distressed. Madrid was not excited yesterday morning, but sad faces were to be seen everywhere. Captain Cadarso, of the Spanish cruiser Reina Christina, who was killed and whose vessel was among those destroyed, belongs to a Madrid family, which is proud of the circumstances of his death.

ANOTHER TALK WITH WEYLER.
Has No Apology for His Course in Cuba—Ready to Invade the United States.

London, May 3.—A special from Madrid says Weyler declares himself ready to return to Cuba and undertake the leadership of an aggressive warfare against the United States and head an army of invasion.

The Daily Telegraph publishes this morning an interview with Lieutenant General Valeriano Weyler, former governor general of Cuba. In reply to a suggestion that some people here thought his administration cruel, General Weyler said: "I don't know. I don't trouble to consider. I am a military man and do not live for myself, but for my country. I was sent to make war upon the rebels, and I did this and neither more nor less than this. When a rebel was caught with arms in his hands I treated him as a prisoner of war and sent him before the tribunal exactly as had been done before me."

"When I caught a dastardly dynamiter or ruffianly assassin who stabbed unarmed men or violated women, once his guilt was made clear I ordered him to be shot. If that be cruelty certainly I was cruel, and I am prepared to become so again. I never pardoned a single dynamiter or assassin in Cuba. All were shot. I am old-fashioned enough to think myself merciful. I was rigorous, just and resolute. I had a problem to solve by the rules of military science. I have earned the hatred and provoked the curse of the sworn enemies of Spain, but it will never cause me a bad night's sleep."

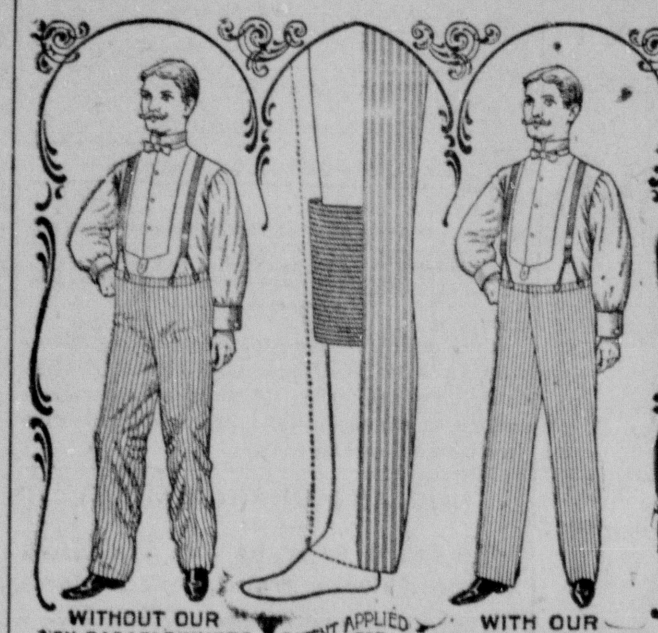
"I did not originate the scheme of reconcentration. If it were mine I would avow it. The scheme was the upshot of war, the growth of abnormal conditions, rather than a deliberate plan. It was rife in the time of Campos. I did everything for them except to give up the soldiers' rations and to allow our troops to die of hunger. I am a soldier, and I have never considered it my duty to wrap my rifle balls in wadding lest I hurt my enemy. War is war and not a picnic. In the present crisis we should have made a dash to the enemy's country. It would do more good than the most regular mechanical defense. I am ready to return to Cuba tomorrow to help repair the mistakes of the past."

PREPARING TO INVADE CUBA.
Shafter and Wade To Be Made Major Generals—Completing Organization.

Tampa, Fla., May 3.—Brigadier Generals J. F. Wade and J. R. Shafter received telegrams from Washington last night informing them that the president would today send in their names as major generals of volunteers. Both will, however, it is said, accompany the United States troops to Cuba. It is the general belief in army circles that the command of the expedition will devolve on General Shafter with General Wade in command of the first division and General Coppinger, of the second.

Brigade formations of the troops assembled here were completed yesterday by General Shafter. Three brigades of infantry are formed.

See That Bag in Your Knees!



Place your order for tailoring with me and you won't be troubled with Baggy Knees. We attach the Patent Non-Bagable Arrangement

In our Pants, whether customer orders Suit or Pants, without any extra charge.

A. S. FERGUSON, Agent.
CALL AND SEE OUR SAMPLES.

CHRONIC DISEASE CURED!

The day of so-called "incurable diseases" is past. Owing to the great advances made in science and inventions within the past few years, there is now hardly a disease that cannot be successfully coped with by a great physician properly equipped with the genius and knowledge to properly diagnose the case, and the newly invented and improved surgical instruments and medicines used, in treatment.

DR. PRETTYMAN.
The Famous Specialist of Chicago, will again be in
Dixon, Ill., Thursday, May 19th,
At the NACHUSA HOUSE, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.
Returning every four weeks.

FOURTH YEAR.



DR. PRETTYMAN is one of the greatest specialists in the range of specialty. Added to a great natural inclination, amounting almost to genius, for the investigation of the cause, effects and cure of diseases, he has had the benefits of an education at the great medical college in America, and subsequent experience and practice in the hospitals of all the great cities of the East. His thoroughly practical and modern treatment of particular classes of disease, have gained for him a reputation and standing of wide recognition. He is one of the world's greatest healers, has long been recognized as such and is not even yet at the zenith of his powers.

NERVOUS DISEASES A SPECIALTY.

Do you have Ringing in the Ear?
Hawking and Spitting?
Headache and Dizziness?
Bad Breath?
Difficultly in Breathing?
Dropping of Mucus?

IF SO, YOU HAVE CATARRH!

BEWARE! Catarrh, if allowed to go on, ends to Chronic Dyspepsia, Consumption and Death.
DR. PRETTYMAN can cure you soon and easily by a positive, painless method, used by him with invariable success in thousands of cases.
Diseases of the Eye and Ear nearly all originate with Catarrh. If your case is curable, Dr. Prettyman will tell you so, and cure you.

A WORD TO MEN: To those who are suffering from one or more of the various forms of Nervous Debility, resulting in some or all of the following symptoms:
BLOTCHES, PIMPLES, INVOLUNTARY EMISSIONS, LOSS OF MEMORY, PREMATURE DECLINE OF POWER, ETC.
(A private, quick and confidential treatment without detention from business.)
Varicocele, Syphilis (blood poisoning), Spermatorrhea, Stricture, Pains in the Back, etc., etc., cured soon and permanently.

WEAK WOMEN! Why remain so longer. Under skillful treatment, Profuse, Suppressed or Painful Menstruation, Laceration, Ulceration, Ovarian Difficulties, etc., etc., will speedily disappear. Sterility (Barrenness) is not a permanent condition. You can be cured, thus bringing happiness to yourself and others, fulfilling your natural function, and making home what it should be.

All Cases Held in Strict Confidence.
You will be treated promptly, honestly, and honorably, at reasonable charges.

Free CONSULTATIONS Free
AND EXAMINATION

DR. PRETTYMAN, 573 East 43rd street, Chicago, Illinois
CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

HELPERS WHERE OTHERS FAIL



You can rely implicitly upon the ability of this tonic to give you the new strength of which you are sadly in need after a spell of sickness. Possesses the greatest nourishing and soothing qualities of malt and hops and is a NON-INTOXICANT.

ALL DRUGGISTS.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO.
MILWAUKEE, U. S. A.
Albert Null, Dixon, Ill., Wholesale Dealer.

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but have sold direct to the consumer for 25 years at whole sale prices, saving him the dealer's profits. Ship anywhere for examination. Everything warranted. 115 styles of Vehicles, 55 styles of Harnesses, Top Buggies, \$30 to \$70. Surreys, \$40 to \$125. Carriages, \$40 to \$150. Wagons, \$40 to \$100. Catalogue of all our styles. As good as sells for \$60.

No. 77. Surrey Harness. Price, \$16.00. As good as sells for \$20.

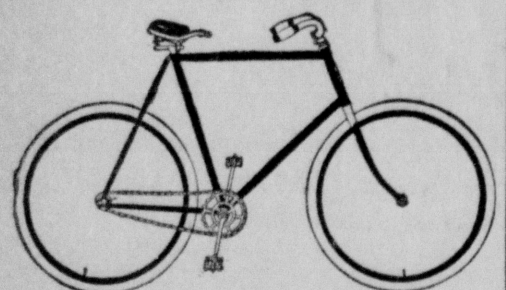
No. 608 Surrey. Price, with curtains, lamps, etc., \$40.00. As good as sells for \$60.

ELKHART CARRIAGE AND HARNESS MFG. CO. W. B. PHATT, Sec'y, ELKHART, IND.

SPECIAL!

I want every one using Soft Coal to try the best third vein in the market,
The Wenona,
For which I have the exclusive agency.

Yours Truly,
John E. Moyer,
Office N. Crawford Av. Res. Phone 1384
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Free on Application.

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MUSIC STORE,
160 Galena Ave.

GARDEN SEEDS!

A full assortment of Garden Seeds in bulk or package; also choice Seed Potatoes at

W. C. Godfrey's,
25 First Street.

...FOR...
FINE BUGGY HARNESS
See AYRES' Line: You will SAVE MONEY by so doing.

TRUNKS WAY DOWN!
...A big job lot of...
Whips Just Received
that will be sold at less than first cost.

S. J. AYRES,
First Door South of Opera House.

Furniture
Of all kinds!
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Undertaking.
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H. CAPM & SON,
No. 110 Galena Avenue.

H. U. Bardwell,
Huguert's Old Stand,
Has just received a full line of
Studebaker's Milk Wagons,
Fine Buggies and Carriages,
Farm Machinery.
My PRICES ARE RIGHT!
Call and see me at
61 First Street.

I Make a Fine Line of Oak Harness!

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DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Entered at Dixon P. O. as Second-class matter
TERMS:
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DIXON, ILL., MAY 3, 1898.

NOTICE
A charge of 5 cents per line will be made on all CARDS OF THANKS, RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT, and all notices pertaining to socials where an admission fee is charged or articles are offered for disposal.

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Wheat—
July..... \$.92 1/4 .94 1/4 .92 1/4 .94 1/4
Sept..... .81-04 .81 1/4 .80 1/4 .81 1/4
May..... 1.21
Corn—
July..... .33 1/4 .33 1/2 .33 .33 1/2
Sept..... .34 1/4 .34 1/2 .34 1/4 .34 1/2
May..... .33 1/2
Oats—
July..... .25 .25 1/4 .25 .25 1/4
Sept..... .25 .25 1/4 .25 .25 1/4
May..... .29 1/2
Pork—
May..... 11.00 11.20 10.95 11.15
Lard—
May..... 5.82 5.92 5.75 5.90

(Continued from page 1)

there he had ample opportunity to steal it while there; referred to the testimony of John Govig and other responsible witnesses showing that Wenker had said he was going out to Tolsted's to see him and try to make him take back those stories and not for the purpose of robbing or killing as Booth and Boas had said. The speaker then took up the question of Wenker being disguised as the state had said: referred to the testimony of the authorities at Rochelle to whom he had told his whole story immediately after committing the deed, and the fact that he gave himself up was conclusive evidence that he was not trying to conceal his crime.

His actions in going out there, speaking to everyone he met, and afterwards starting for Rochelle to give himself up did not indicate secrecy. The rabbit hunters they had mentioned so many times had nothing whatever to do with his going to Rochelle, as he had passed the road going to Creston before he saw them at all.

He then took up the post mortem examination, the bloody clothing and other things the State had brought in, and asked the jury why, all that? He said it was not to throw more light upon the case, but to prejudice them against the defendant. The State had made an effort to make the case seem mysterious, strange; that there had been a deep laid and an awful plot. He said that there was not the first mysterious thing about it. The witnesses the State had put on the stand to testify how the defendant was dressed, and it appears that he was dressed the same in every case; why all that testimony? What has that to do with the case; simply to make this case appear mysterious and strange.

He spoke of Wenker at Malta, how he went around looking for these young men who had beaten him out of some money; and the fact that he went to the jail showed good judgement, in not looking for a man like Boas where a respectable man would be.

Hespeke about the duty imposed upon the jury by the law; they may take hold of the testimony with a determination to reconcile it if possible to the innocence of the defendant.

He took up the testimony. First, we find the defendant in the vicinity of Creston and shortly after working for Fred Tolsted on the farm. Referred to the statement of the state's attorney that the defense would try to have the jury bring in a verdict on everything else but the guilt or innocence of the defendant, he suggested as the reason that they brought religion in the case was to prevent prejudice; did not want the jury to try this man's religion, but simply to find out if there was any bias or feeling in the minds of the jurors against any religion. Mr. Morrison referred to the questions asked when examining jurors as to competency.

The speaker took up the question of the friendship and affection the defendant had for Martha Cody. He said notwithstanding the testimony of Booth and Boas, Wenker never said a word against her; and always had defended her. Her parents had taken her away from Tolsted's and Wenker left at the same time. Why? Because of this trouble the slanders. The first conversation Wenker had after leaving Tolsted's was with a brother of Martha Cody; told him of these stories and that they would ruin her character and that he would get even with Tolsted, if he (Wenker) was in his place.

The speaker here pictured in glowing language, the terrible effects of slander on the name of a woman; her good name is all she has.

Wenker had left Tolsted's because of

some stories Tolsted had been telling about himself and Martha Cody. Wenker had said if he was in Govig's place he would "fix" Tolsted. That the States Attorney had placed the worst possible construction upon this language when it might be taken to mean he would sue him. Wenker was not a tramp, he worked on the Dixon City Directory and did other work.

The speaker took up the question of the prosecution as to why Wenker did not go to law to stop this slander; a law suit would publish it broadcast.

When Wenker said he was going to "fix" Tolsted for telling these stories he meant he would stop him. Referring to the testimony of Booth and Boas, said it was unreasonable for him to make the plans they said were made. It was not true, as they stated, that he was at the end of his rope; he was just in the prime of life and had brighter prospects than the ordinary young man. The testimony conflicted; no sane man with intent to murder would go about it in such a nonsensical way—entering in a plan with two men he had never seen before, to go out and rob and kill. This man Boas made a confessed criminal of himself in the States Attorney's office while drunk; afterwards was forced to stick to that story to save himself from arrest. Should a jury hang a man or deprive him of his liberty on the testimony of such a man. Mr. Morrison this afternoon went over the evidence of every witness in detail endeavoring to show that, while it may not be proven beyond a doubt that Wenker was there for the purpose claimed, still there was a strong doubt as to his purpose and he was entitled by law to the doubt.

Mr. Morrison followed the defendant to Malta from Franklin Grove, where he found an officer, and began his search for Booth and Boas, from place to place, he asked the jury if they thought that would be the conduct of a man about to commit a murder. He was in hopes of getting back money of which they had robbed him. Referred to the statement of State's Attorney Brewster that after Wenker had left a call for 3 o'clock at the hotel he got up between 12 and 1 and sneaked out. The prosecutor was mistaken; he was both seen and heard by Mrs. Sharp, who saw him come down stairs, go out and turn down the street towards town. Was this the conduct of a murderer, going out in broad daylight speaking to people on the street?

He then took up Dr. Van Vorhees testimony as to where the bullets entered the body and the course they took. The fact that they all entered a little left to the center of the body; was a very significant fact in the proof of the theory that Tolsted had started at him with a shovel when defendant shot him, as his position in a striking attitude would be just right to receive a bullet wound in exactly the place he did; that the left of his body would be a little forward with his head thrown back, which explained the reason for the course of last two bullets downward.

This was one of the strongest points in the defense strongly put by Mr. Morrison.

Then the testimony of City Attorney and Marshal at Rochelle, the confessions Wenker had made to them and he told the jury they were bound to believe all of them if any; and that they could not single out what was against this defendant and that the confession remains entirely uncontradicted. All the material evidence the prosecution had in this case came from the defendant himself and entirely voluntary and that he said to everyone of them that he did the shooting in self-defense. Speaking of the statement of Mr. Brewster that the defense should produce a shovel, if there was any; he said that this was not the law; it was the prosecution's place to prove that there was not a shovel there. If there had been none the state would have proved it.

The fact that Wenker went under different names was bad, but it should not be sufficient to take away a man's life or liberty.

In conclusion, he made an appeal for leniency and said: "Now, gentlemen, consider this case not as if he were guilty, but as if he were innocent. Be just and be lenient with him, gentlemen, as you hope for leniency and for justice when your hour of trial comes, now or hereafter, and remember these things, gentlemen, remember that the time will come to everyone of us, when we shall say: 'God have mercy on me, a sinner.'" Mr. Morrison closed at three o'clock and a recess was then taken for a few minutes, after which Judge Farrand will make the final argument in the case.

THE SOLDIERS IN CAMP.
Barnes' Table Talk—About Company G, 6th Regt.
SPRINGFIELD, ILL., May 2, 1898.
During the late heavy rains Company G's men had much to be thankful for. They are located in the exposition building and beyond the fact that their sleeping accommodations are very poor, they have the satisfaction of being in out of the wet. Their cooking is all done outside in a kitchen without any roofs, and if it should happen to be raining during the preparation of a meal, the boys have to wait until it clears off before anything hot can be served.

I was there just before dinner the other day and the boys were as hungry as a lot of wood choppers. Two men were setting the table, while two others were carrying in the rations. One man had a long dripping-pan piled high with beef cut in chunks; another brought in the bread in his arms, and I noticed that he had to hold the pile steady with his chin. Still, the boys were anxious to get it and when they were through there was nothing left but the tinware and, I believe, the table. There was also room for more dinner in most of the boys, and those that had money went out and finished up on pie which they bought of the hucksters.

The cavalry troop from Chicago, of which John Erwin is a member, did not fare so well as the others. They are camped out in an open field in tents, and when it rains everything is a mass of mud and dampness. The water runs in under the tents and the men have to sleep sitting up, that is, if they sleep at all, and I am surprised that they did not move over to the sheep and hog pens, where they at least could have a roof over them and a good floor to sleep on; but a soldier must stay where his officers put him and no amount of kicking will change an order once given. That is one of the disagreeable things about army life, especially to the new recruit. Old soldiers don't mind little things like that, and after the boys have walloped Spain and returned home, they will look back on the days spent at Camp Tanner as being the most pleasant of their campaign.

Sunday brought in over 30,000 excursionists from all parts of the state and the boys were made glad by meeting many friends and receiving much needed clothing and other little extras so dear to the heart of a boy on his first trip away from home. There were some tears shed when it was time for the trains to go, and you could see some pretty stiff upper lips quivering as the last handshakes were taken; but on the whole the boys behaved well. They are American boys and while such boys live, the flag of their country will never trail in the dust.

W. J. BARNES.

THE FRENCH MAID.
Comes to the Columbia, Beginning Sunday, May 8.
The latest and most successful of E. E. Rice's frisky novelties, "The French Maid," comes to the Columbia Theater, Chicago, next week. Its libretto is by Capt. Basil Hood, the music by Walter Slaughter. It is full of swing, snap and sparkle, and its amusing personages thread their way through a perfect maze of tuneful melodies, funny situations, and gay and glittering accessories.

The entire New York-cast comes intact, including seductive Olive Redpath as Luzette, the French Maid; and Eva Davenport as Lady Hauser.

There is a characteristic beauty show of Rice's chorus girls and dancers. Among the dancing novelties are the Bon Bon ballet, the Frolique Francaise, the Carnival Promenade Ballet and the Carnival Quadrille, in which the girls are first presented as sicken-hosed gallants and then whirling quickly about are revealed as demure Quaker maidens.

The solo dancer is Saharet, who soon returns to London to renew her last season's successes at the Palace Theater. Like the French sardines, she seems to have been created without bones, and she is danceuse, contortionist and acrobat in one.

A Correction.
Last February we copied from the Chicago Record a notice of the arrest and conviction of Wesley Church of Elgin on a charge of bigamy, and discovering several points of resemblance in the description to that of W. W. Church, who some time previous had done business in Dixon for the Hallett & Davis Piano Co., and knowing Elgin to be his home, we were innocently led into the error of associating the subject of the Record notice with the man who was locally known here. We have this morning received a letter from W. W. Church in which he appreciates our very natural mistake and desires its correction, stating that it is a younger brother, W. E. Church, who is serving sentence for bigamy. We most cheerfully make the correction, as we certainly had no desire of doing an injustice.

The Leading Musicians
of the world credit
The Kimball Piano
with the attributes of absolute sovereignty in the great main points of
Tone, Form and Build,
Uniting the greatest strength with greatest sensibility, resulting in an instrumental voice never equaled in sweetness and capacity.
W. W. KIMBALL CO.,
Wabash Av., So. of Jackson St., Chicago.
MRS. NINA M. MOORE, Agent,
64 First Street, Dixon, Ill.

I HAVE
A full line of the latest styles of woolens for the Spring and Summer season of which I will make
Suits and Overcoats
in first-class shape at prices that will surprise you. Give me a call and be convinced.
J. W. Lonergan,
High Art Tailor,
14 First St., over S. Rosenthal & Son.

Leave Your Order For
WINDOW SHADES
at
The Keyes Furniture Rooms,
66 and 68 Main Street, Telephone 161.

Rare Values in Ladies' \$2.00 Shoes

Well fitting--well wearing--satisfactory shoes sold at this low price as "leaders." Such shoes are sold every day in other stores at higher prices.

They come in Tan, with Cloth or Kid Tops, and in Black with Kid Tops; Agatine Epelets, new Quarter Coin Toes.

The "GOLDEN RULE" Shoe Store,
120 Galena Avenue. **FORD BROS., Managers.**

Ten Days Clearing Sale of.....
Ladies' Wrappers!
We have about 150 Ladies' Wrappers that must be sold in 10 days. We will allow 10 per cent. discount on every wrapper bought of us.
J. R. Carpenter,
154 Galena Ave.



A FEW GOOD BARGAINS.....

3 pound can California Egg Plums per can.....	10 cts
3 pound can California Cage Plums per can.....	10 cts
3 pound can California yellow Peaches 13 cents per can two cans for.....	25 cts
3 pound can Solid Packed Tomatoes per can.....	10 cts
5 pounds Choice California Prunes for.....	25 cts
5 pounds Three Crown layer Raisins for.....	25 cts
7 pounds Best Starch for.....	25 cts
1 pound can Pure Cream Tartar Baking Powder.....	12 cts

Try one can of Windsor or Cereal Coffee.
The best substitute made.
Denny & Co.,
53 First Street, Telephone 57.

This Space for Rent.



Woman's Eyes

are the severest judges a tailor has. They'll find a sight if it is hidden between the lining and the cloth. In this establishment we do more than try to perfectly please our patrons—we go so far as to try to please our patrons' feminine relatives and friends. That is what brings us numerous orders, and that is why we can make stylish and finely fitting clothes for prices within the reach of all. Let us talk to you about that new suit.

E. J. OAHILL & CO.
No. 10 First Street
Up Stairs.



Baby Carriages!

Just received the largest shipment of Fine Carriages ever in the city.

Furniture.

A complete stock of well-made and the latest styles of furniture to select from. We are prepared to meet all competition and will give the lowest cash figures. We invite you to call and get prices before purchasing elsewhere.

C. Gonnerman,
Funeral Director and Embalmer.
59 First Street.

Come To Us Last!

But if time is money COME TO US FIRST for Garden Seeds, Lawn Mowers, Rakes, Hoes, Tinware, and remember we carry a full line of Staple and Fancy Groceries at Bottom Rock Prices.

W. C. JONES, 405 Depot Av.
Telephone No. 127.

A Pleasant Birthday Gathering.

Monday, May 2nd, was the eighty-fourth anniversary of the birth of our fellow citizen, Dr. J. B. Merriman. Invitations had been sent to all the relatives in this part of the country to assemble at a family gathering, and was responded to by the families of Wallace and Clinton Judd, the Meseroles, the Howells and several others, to the number of twenty-five or thirty, who assembled in the afternoon at the elegant new home of Dr. Merriman on Prospect Hill in the West End and enjoyed a thoroughly good social time. At five o'clock the company sat down to a sumptuous dinner, which was elegantly prepared and served, and was enjoyed amid the joviality that would naturally be found around such a family board on such an occasion of complete informality. Congratulations were in order, and though the invitations sent out designated "No Presents," the prohibition was more or less disregarded and many a pleasant token of regard was left as a memento of the happy occasion. The doctor, who is a wonderfully well preserved man for his age, was at his best, and apparently as young as the youngest of his guests. Notwithstanding many severe attacks of illness of recent years, Mr. Merriman exhibits a wonderful degree of physical vigor, and his mental faculties are apparently as strong as when he first came to Dixon in 1855, the result, most certainly, of a temperate life and the intelligent observance of sanitary laws. Not having wasted or abused the blessings of life's springtime, he now, with a heart still young, can enjoy to the full life's rich autumn. May he live among us many years to take an active interest in surrounding affairs.

From Springfield.

A letter to J. T. Lawrence of Palmyra, from his son encamped at Camp Tanner, states that the season is not any farther advanced in the latitude of the capital than in this vicinity, excepting that peach and cherry trees are in bloom. The boys are encamped in a brick building with steel frame work and cement floor. Blankets on this made a pretty hard bed the first night, but they now have ticks filled with hay. The writer says that they are expecting a more strict medical examination shortly, when probably some other members of Company G will be rejected. The new men think they are being pretty badly used, and call the camp "Starvation Camp," but the militia who have gone through the mill do not mind it much, although the food is not remarkably good and is poorly cooked. The country is low and wet and muddy, which accounts for the backwardness of the season, it having been impossible to do any cultivation as yet. The boys have had some marching in the mud by way of exercise, and did not like it much. Springfield looked very different from Dixon to them: even the pavements in the city were covered with mud. The members of the company were all well when the letter was written, and were spoiling for a fight.

Loveland Place.

A visitor to Loveland Place will note the following improvements in progress: Miss Josie Ryan has begun the erection of a modern seven-room house on Main street. Albert Knaple is building a large good style house at the corner of Long avenue and Fourth street. A. E. Williams finished the foundation work yesterday for his seven-room brick building. F. W. Waterman is putting the finishing touches on his handsome five-room cottage on Tract No. 3. Recent purchasers are J. Dooly, C. Kestner and B. Hanshur, who may build during the summer. New roads are being opened. Summit avenue, extending over the bluff and affording a fine view of the city will be open to the public in a few days.

That Dangerous Ash Pile.

Under the sidewalk near the Dr. J. W. Stephens building is the box into which Rowland Brothers, druggists, empty their ashes. About 12 o'clock last night these ashes were giving out too much smoke for safety, as there was considerable paper in the box and several barrels of oil on two sides. The fire alarm bell was rung, but the fire was put out by Louis L. Loescher, Andy Phalen and George Coakley with water from Clink's barber shop.

Shoots for Old Glory.

After 1 a. m. last night E. R. Kent, from his bed-room overhead, heard a noise in front of his store door, and looking through the window saw a man jump for the flag that hung there. The man reached the flag and nearly loosened it from its fastenings, but had to make a second attempt. This time he was successful. Mr. Kent had got his pistol then, and reaching out the window fired two shots at the thief as he went around the corner on to River street. The thief escaped.

THE NINTH CAVALRY.

"The Colored Men Fought Nobly,"

Was one of the newspaper headings during the war for the Union and we shall anticipate that history will repeat itself in Cuba. Indeed a large portion of the insurgents there fighting against Spain for liberty are colored troops. The Ninth Regiment of United States Cavalry passed through Dixon recently and the troops were given an ovation all along the line.

A bystander with an army button said:

"These black boys have been fighting Indians ever since the Civil War. When they showed up on the frontier the Indians called them 'buffaloes,' in derision, because their hair was curly. Before they got through with the Indians the most desperate band of redskins that ever went on the war path would break and run at the sight of them. These black fighters can outmaneuver, outride, outshoot, outdevil even the red devils of the plains. They charge with the reins between their teeth and a revolver in each hand. They ride like cowboys. They shoot as fast as machine guns with either hand. When they drive in the spurs and charge home, God help anything in front of them."

The veteran spoke no more than the truth. The Ninth Cavalry command the respect and admiration of the whole army, and are in many respects the most remarkable troops in the service of Uncle Sam. Every trooper is coal black. Everyone of these black fellows is a giant in size. They have fought all the way from the Mexican borders to the Canadian line. Climate has no terrors for them. The colored regiments, the Ninth and Tenth Cavalry and the Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth Infantry, were first recruited in New Orleans in 1866.

It is conceded that there cannot be such a thing as a charge of cavalry en masse as in olden times, now that rapid fire machine guns are used. Hence the scattered fighting to which the Ninth has been used in the West will be the very thing for this new service. When they go into action they will resort to all the tactics taught them in Indian fighting to conceal their bodies, and Spain's fighting soldiers will get a lesson in rough and tumble fighting if they ever meet the fighting Ninth.

Good Detective Work.

We agree with the Sun, and take pleasure in endorsing what it says in regard to Deputy Sheriff McGowan, and States Attorney Brewster's good services in working up the evidence in the trial of Wenker for murder, now before the court.

Deputy McGowan's work in determining the whereabouts of certain witnesses is especially worthy of mention. His tracing of W. W. Booth's location was a difficult task and his successful trip to South Dakota in search of Mrs. Martha Cody resulting in her presence at the trial, prove him to be a shrewd detective. Mr. Brewster first heard about the case on Monday, December 27, and hurrying to the scene of the murder, obtained only after a persistent effort, consent to hold a post-mortem examination.

That night in company with his able stenographer, Charles Temple, they watched the doctors dissect the body and obtained therefrom, the strong testimony which broke down the theory of self defense as advanced by the defendant.

Altogether they have taken statements from seventy-five people, comprising 200 pages of closely type written manuscript.

Excursion to Springfield.

The Illinois Central R. R. Co. will run an excursion train from Freeport to Springfield next Sunday, to give their friends an opportunity to visit the soldiers in camp. The train will leave Dixon about 4:45 a. m., and leave Springfield to return at 6 o'clock p. m. The fare for the round trip will be \$2.50.

—Lewis Brink, one of the oldest and most widely known engineers of the C. & N.W. Ry., and who had run engines in and out of Freeport for more than forty years, was found dead in his bed at the Brewster House in that city, Sunday morning, to the surprise of those who saw him in excellent health on Saturday evening. He died apparently while asleep, from a rupture of the right pulmonary vein, gorging both lungs with blood.

—The monthly meeting of the board of directors of the Dixon Loan and Building Association will be held in the office of the secretary this evening, and a full attendance is desired.

—We learn from the Sterling papers that Prof. H. V. Baldwin of the Rock Falls Schools has been employed to superintend the North Dixon Schools the coming year.

—Mrs. H. A. Ahrens, who has been visiting her relatives at Elmhurst for several weeks, returned with her babe last evening.

PROBATE COURT.

Work Done By Judge Farrand.

Notices to creditors in the Thomas Daily estate approved.

Estate of Abram Gilbert, deceased, appraisal, widow's award and inventory approved. Sale of personal property at private sale approved.

Theodore Cornelius Behrends, naturalized.

Estate of Remington Warriner, deceased, settled.

Petition for probate of will of Andreas Lauer, deceased, set for hearing May 18 at 9 a. m.

Petition for probate of will of Samuel Bixby, deceased, set for hearing May 16 at 9 a. m.

Guardian's report approved in estate of Chas. L. Bossemeyer, deceased.

Estate of Solomon Dierdorff, deceased; list of personal property set off to widow to apply on her award approved.

Estate of Leah Raffensberger deceased, report of sale of personal property at private sale approved.

Estate of B. Faessler, deceased, claim of J. P. Thome for \$17.25 allowed.

Claims allowed against estate of Frederick Tolsted, deceased, George Schemmerhorn, \$20; Mary Tolsted, \$254.34; H. N. Berne, \$15.81; Christ. Rush, \$120.88.

College Notes.

Miles Courter is now located at 115 Claybourn Avenue, Chicago, as operator for the Western Union Telegraph Co.

Miss Mattie Moffett left Sunday for Chicago, having in view a position in commercial telegraphy.

Old Glory is proudly floating over the College steeple in response to the students' patriotic cheers for the flag upon hearing the news of Admiral Dewey's victory.

The Rev. Dornblaser's lecture at chapel Saturday evening on "Pictures from the War," was illustrated by original drawings and was universally pronounced very fine and gave complete satisfaction.

"How bow-legged that new telegraph student is," said one "business" boy to another. "Yes," replied the other, "but it gives him a professional appearance, for his legs look so much like a U-magnet upside down."

A large attendance greeted the Rev. Sage at the Union meeting of the Christian societies Sunday. His address was very fine and could not but be of great benefit to the young people who were there to hear him.

Prof. Knisely reviewed the war situation this morning in a satisfactory manner.

The graduating exercises of the law class will take place in chapel hall Thursday evening. Chief Justice Cartwright will be the speaker.

A letter from Lieut. W. G. Haan, now stationed at Fort Baker, California, was read at chapel this morning. It contained some timely military advice for the college cadets and was brim full of patriotism.

A High Endorsement.

Prof. C. H. Congdon, of St. Paul, Minn., was a visitor in the Rochelle schools a few days ago. Mr. Congdon is recognized throughout the United States as an authority on matters pertaining to instruction of vocal music. Prof. Congdon, after hearing the work done in the different departments by Prof. Krinbill, extended him a high compliment, saying that in some features of the work he had never seen better work done in all his experience throughout the United States. We lay claim to a part of this glory, inasmuch as Prof. Krinbill figures that in Oregon and Rochelle the good results in music are about on a par.—Ogle County Republican.

From the Sterling Gazette.

Elmer E Baird of Dixon was a Sterling visitor today.

Road Commissioner Philip Andreas is having the Dixon road repaired.

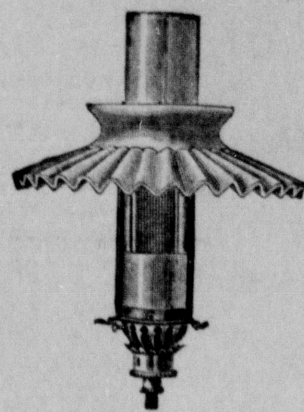
Rev. Wm. Carter has closed a contract with the Rock River Assembly at Dixon to deliver three lectures on Milton during the Assembly, the dates being Aug. 8, 10, and 11, and the lectures will be given in the afternoon. Mr. Carter is celebrated as a student of Milton's works.

Veterans Roll.

Alex Deputy has been circulating a paper for the enlistment of Veterans of the late war into the present fight with Spain. He already has the following names:

Alex Deputy, W. H. Woodyatt, J. L. Brink, T. F. Dornblaser, David Seneseff, Alfred A. Beede, A. Kentner, L. W. Mitchell, W. H. Steel, R. J. Drynan, J. Fry, H. L. Coffey, Ernest Wernick, Nicholas Mossholder, John T. Reed, D. M. Stevens, Fletcher Seavey, Jessie S. Clark, A. I. Gage, Joseph Shelhammer, O. J. Downing, G. C. Loveland, G. W. Farrell, F. J. Stahl, J. Buffett.

Daylight Incandescent Gas Lamp!



Best Gas Lamp in the market and at a moderate cost.

D. S. Horton,

Sole Agent, Dixon, Illinois.

Special Announcement!

We have made arrangements with Meyer & Co., the well known tailoring house of Chicago, to have one of their expert cutters with us on April 27th. We will show large lengths of their handsome line of Spring and Summer Woolens, containing all the novelties of the season, and will be prepared to take your measure for Suits, Overcoats and Trousers. Don't fail to see this line. Remember the date.

YOURS TO PLEASE,

YATES & SMITH,

No 6 East First Street.

John A. Deeter,

Old Telegraph Building, River St.

Anyone that is expecting to build or do any repairing this spring can save money by getting figures of me on their mill work. I buy in car load lots and can meet the prices of any reliable competitor.

Screens!

I also carry a full line of stock sizes Window and Door Screens, and can make old sizes on short notice. Now is the time to place your order for screens.

Glass!

I carry the largest stock of GLASS in the city, and can make you low prices.

Scroll Sawing, Turning and Fine Cabinet Work a Specialty.....

J. A. DEETER River St.,

Old Telegraph Building.

35 Setts of Extra Fine Single Harness.....

Just being finished in our harness department; all hand-made, complete, here in the building. Our machine has a lock-stitch that cannot be ripped. The only house in Lee county that MAKES light driving harness for the trade.

Two Carloads of New Buggies Just in!

Call and See.

C. J. ROSBROOK,

Riverside and Gold Coin Stoves.

First Street.

Painting, Paper Hanging, Kalsomining.

Carriage Work a Specialty!
All Work Guaranteed!

JEROME F. MCKENNEY,
New Shop 111 Hennepin Avenue.

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS

During May and June,

at the low rate of

ONE FARE PLUS \$2.00

for the Round Trip

VIA THE

Illinois Central R.R.

SOUTH

Home-seekers' Excursions to certain points in the South on the lines of the Illinois Central and Yazoo and Mississippi Valley Railroad will be run on the first and third Tuesday during May and June.

For a copy of the Southern Home-seekers' Guide, describing the agricultural advantages of the country traversed by the above mentioned roads, address at Manchester, Iowa, J. F. Merry, Assistant General Passenger Agent.

For information in regard to Railroad Lands in Southern Illinois, and the famous Yazoo Valley of Mississippi, address at Chicago, E. P. Skene, Land Commissioner, I. C. R. R.

In addition to the above, home-seekers' tickets will be sold from stations in Illinois, Wisconsin and Indiana, to points

May 30 and 17th and June 7th and 21st, including points on the Illinois Central in South Dakota, Minnesota and Iowa west of and including Ackley, as far as LeMars, Iowa; also to Waverly and points north.

Tickets at the above rates on sale only on dates quoted. For further particulars apply to your local ticket agent, or address A. H. Hanson, General Passenger Agent, Illinois Central Railroad, Chicago.

May 30 and 17th and June 7th and 21st, including points on the Illinois Central in South Dakota, Minnesota and Iowa west of and including Ackley, as far as LeMars, Iowa; also to Waverly and points north.

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RATHER PECULIAR.

You May Have Noticed This Fact Many
a Time and Probably Spoken
About It.

If it were not correct and to publish it in this paper an indorsation like that which follows without the endorser's permission would be fraud, and to publish it a second time without the knowledge would indeed be difficult. Both could be done readily if this publication were printed in Woonsocket, R. I., for the chances are a thousand to one that few people in Dixon, Ill., ever see a Woonsocket paper. The gentleman whose statement appears below could be induced to lend his name to bolster up the reputation of an article and it could not be employed in any such connection without his permission or knowledge, for if he did not stumble across the fact himself when reading newspapers that such a report was being circulated against him, some of his many friends could be sure to advise him. The reader can therefore depend upon his statement being reliable.

Mr. C. C. Atkins, Foreman of the News Department of the Sterling Gazette, Sterling, Ill., says: "Our brief but satisfactory experience with Doan's Kidney Pills convinces us of the merits of that remedy. The experience was satisfactory because it was brief, and it was convincing because it did not take months or even weeks to accomplish that which heretofore had not been accomplished, namely, the cure of a somewhat obstinate case of kidney trouble. At the time my attention was called to Doan's Kidney Pills a member of my family was using a local physician's prescription but obtaining unsatisfactory results. I procured Doan's Kidney Pills at a drug store, and after using one box we had no further use for this prescription and continued the use of the Pills, until the results were so decided and definite that we stopped the use of the preparation."

Just such emphatic endorsement can be had right here at home. Drop into Horton's drug store and ask what his customers report.

Doan's Kidney Pills are sold for 50 cents per box by all dealers, or mailed on receipt of price by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name Doan's and take no other.

THE VITAL ORGANS.

THE KIDNEYS ARE THE MOST IMPORTANT EXCRETORY ORGANS OF THE BODY.

Morrow's Kidneys are Known to Be the Most Wonderful Remedy Ever Discovered for the Cure of all Known Diseases of the Kidneys.

A remedy that will cause apparently dead and worthless organs to bristle with life, health and energy and to perform their functions properly, is truly a remarkable medicine. Owing to the extraordinary work demanded of the kidneys and their natural delicacy, no remedy can be more a boon to mankind than the one that will make the kidneys do their work thoroughly and without injury to themselves. That remedy is Morrow's Kidneys, prepared in yellow tablet form.

Morrow's Kidneys have demonstrated that they are the best and most efficacious remedy in the whole world for curing those dreadful diseases produced by overworking and straining those delicate organisms, known as kidneys.

Of all organs of the body the kidneys have the most important functions to perform and therefore require the greatest care. Like all machinery they are able to do a little more work than is their normal portion, but they cannot stand this incessantly and must be allowed to rest. They are so refined and delicate in their structure that the least over-taxing of any other part of the human body is apt to produce in them serious troubles, which, if not attended to at once, will lead to serious complications, resulting soon in death.

Eating too much, drinking too much, irregular habits, lifting heavy weights, exposing one's self to drafts and bad weather, and a thousand and one other excesses and indiscretions affect the kidneys, making them sick and puny and thereby spreading throughout the system poisons, that would in health be thrown off.

Morrow's Kidneys are a revelation to the medical profession and pharmacists, both in the process of making them and their efficacy in all kidney troubles, which they are guaranteed to cure. No matter of how long standing. They are as much talked about today as were X-rays a few months ago, but the sphere of usefulness and importance of Kidneys is far more reaching and effective.

You can get Morrow's Kidneys at all dealers at 50 cents per box or \$2.50 for six boxes. Sent postpaid by the Herp Medicine Co., Springfield, Ohio, upon receipt of price. For sale by D. S. Horton, Druggist.

Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures and prevents swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. A2

Settles Nervous Bankruptcy.

Investigation shows that men who succeed are men of brains—strong nerves—great will-power. Ordinary food cannot supply the vital forces which people with active brains and bodies require. Bicola Pills feed the nerves—make the mind bright, muscles strong—make flesh and blood and give perfect health to Men and Women. THE TURNERS OF PHILADELPHIA make Bicola Pills.

J. E. Buckley, Chief Clerk National Hotel Washington, D. C., testifies that he was run down—was a shadow of his former self—Bicola Pills gave him wonderful relief—he gained over twenty pounds after using them. A. H. Tillson, Exclusive Authorized Agent, Dixon, Ill.

Turners' Little Liver Turners—A very small pill. Turn your liver. Cure Sick Headache—Biliousness—Indigestion. No. 1

There is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that take the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over 2¢ as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15c and 25c per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O. B2

IN RED AND GOLD.

How sweet she looked I did not see
The glint of sun on changing tree,
My eyes were fixed upon the glow
On her fair cheek. I did but know
That she was standing right to me.
But she in silent ecstasy
Drank in the color and the glow
Of that fair scene, nor seemed to know
That all its beauty was to me,
I gazed on her and could but see
How sweet she looked.

"In red and gold," she sighed "how fair
The coloring of those maples there!"
But still my eyes did but behold
The beauty that did her enfold.
For, with that vision standing there,
In dull red gown and golden hair,
Small care had I what beauties rare,
What other wealth that wood might hold
In red and gold.

—Julia Fanshawe Brinkerhoff in New York Times.

TIGER AND BULL.

A Fierce Battle, In Which the Tiger Was Badly Beaten.

The Paris letter of the London Post gives details of an extraordinary entertainment given at the Plaza de Madrid in the presence of 1,300 spectators. This was a combat between a royal Bengal tiger and an Andalusian fighting bull. The tiger, Cesar, was a full grown brute belonging to Spessardi, the trainer, who had never been able to do anything with it and had, indeed, once nearly fallen a victim to its ferocity. He sold it for 6,000 francs to the director of the plaza.

A cage 17 yards square by 4 in height had been erected in the middle of the arena, and the animals were brought on in vans, the bull being the first to be released into the inclosure. The brute immediately began to run round and round his prison, bellowing and throwing up sand and gravel with his hoofs.

The instant the tiger entered the cage he gave a roar and bounded on the bull, avoiding the horns, and fixed on his flanks and belly with both teeth and claws. The bull remained still for a few seconds, and then seemed to be sinking backward to the ground. The spectators thought that all was over, but the tiger let go for a second to take another hold, and in the brief interval was kicked over by the wild plunges of the bull. Before the tiger had time to recover the bull was on him, and, sinking his horns into the striped hide, it tossed the tiger into the air. This was repeated four or five times, the bull varying his tactics occasionally by banging his adversary against the bars. When the bull stopped, the tiger lay limp on the ground, and the crowd, thinking he was dead, cried, "Bravo, toro!"

The bull stood stamping for a moment in the middle of the cage, and then, seeing the tiger did not move, approached and smelled him. But Cesar was only shamming death and seized the bull's muzzle in his powerful jaws so the animal could not move. Eventually, however, he was released, and after stamping furiously on the tiger again caught him on his horns. This time the tossing, stamping and banging apparently really ended in Cesar's death. The cage was then opened, and the bull rushed out and back to his stable. For precaution's sake the tiger's van was brought up, and to the general surprise, Cesar rose to his feet, glanced round as if afraid the bull was still there, and then bounded into the van. The tiger was found to have five ribs broken, besides having a number of wounds from the bull's horns. It is said that all wild animals—bears, lions, panthers and tigers—fare badly in combat with the Spanish fighting bull. Man and the elephant are the only sure victors over these active and ferocious beasts.

Easily Enough.

Here is a Sioux City (Ia.) Sunday school story:

They were studying in the catechism about the wonderful greatness and power of God. "Can God do everything?" asked the teacher. It was generally admitted that he could. Then the teacher rather mischievously propounded a stickler perhaps as a test of faith. "Could God make two and two equal five?" he asked. The query rather startled the little girls in the class, and their faces took on a worried, puzzled expression. They had never thought of such a thing as that, and it looked as if their faith was wavering. The teacher waited with a rather amused smile on his face. Then up shot a little hand. "Well," asked the teacher, "what do you think about it?" "Yes, sir, he can," was the prompt and certain response. Now it was the teacher's turn to look surprised. "Well, how can God make two and two equal five?" "By adding one," was the triumphant answer, and the mischievous teacher couldn't dispute it.—Sioux City Journal.

How It Happened.

"Look here, young man," said the druggist. The clerk did not have to be told that he had made a mistake. He knew it long before. Indeed he had figured it out for himself and was able to tell just how it happened.

"You have charged only 75 cents for this prescription," asserted the druggist, "and the regular price is \$1." "I admit it," said the clerk. "The fact is I was rattled. You see, I made a hasty calculation as to the cost of the ingredients, and the result was 3 cents instead of 4 as it should have been. That is how it happened."—Chicago Post.

Welcome Words.

"Yes, his sermons are tiresomely long, but he always says something to the point."
"Well, what did he say to the point last Sunday?"
"In conclusion,"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

The name California, derived from the two Spanish words caliente for hot and i. e., "hot furnace"—was given by Cortes in the year 1535 to the peninsula now known as Lower California, of which he was the discoverer, on account of its hot climate.

THE CAR WAS SWITCHING.

But It Caused the Despair of a Sleepy Lecturer in Search of Rest.

"I have long made it a practice to sleep whenever I get an opportunity," said a man who lectures, "but a recent experience in Baltimore has made me shy of opportunities. You see, I spend a great deal of time on railroad trains, and frequently, in order to keep engagements, I am forced to travel at night. Now, I have great difficulty in getting asleep on a sleeping car, and sometimes I toss around all night.

"Last week I lectured in Baltimore, and after the lecture I found a sleeping car in the railroad yard which was to be added to the train bound for New York. That was my opportunity. I bought a section, hunted up the porter and asked him if I might retire with the expectation of not being aroused before morning.

"That's what the car is here for, colonel," he answered. "We don't pull out till 1:30 in the morning, and you can just go right to sleep."

"That sounded inviting, and I retired. I fell asleep promptly. The movement of the car aroused me, and, thinking that we had been coupled on to the New York train, I closed my eyes again. At that moment the car ran into something on the track with a crash and stopped so suddenly that my head was bumped against the end of the berth. Undoubtedly a smash up, I thought, and I proceeded to get out of my berth. The porter was sitting in the seat opposite.

"For heaven's sake, what is the trouble?" I asked.

"Nothin'," he replied; "just switchin'."

"Back I crawled, feeling very cheap. Again I felt drowsy, and once more the car was bumped violently, then shoved along the tracks at a rapid rate and shunted into the end of another train, starting a series of crashes that sounded one after another clear away up the track. The quiet that followed lasted so long that I began to doze. Another bump harder than the previous ones aroused me, and for the next five minutes it seemed as if two engines must be engaged in shunting my car back and forth for the fun of it. I would feel the car slide along only to come to an abrupt stop with a lot of noise. Then it would slide back to another track and stand still. For the next hour I was tossed and bruised in my berth, and I could stand it no longer. I crawled out and dressed as best I could under the circumstances, made a flying jump from the car on one of its shunting trips past the station and went to a hotel and spent the night. The memory of that experience has made me cautious about entering sleeping cars that are loafing around the yard waiting to be coupled to a train, even if it does seem to offer an opportunity to make up sleep. The amount of shaking up that one man receives in a car that is 'just switchin' is surprising."—New York Sun.

The Locality of Disease.

In an interesting article on the areas of disease the London Saturday Review remarks upon the consensus of medical opinion that diseases in general have their local habitations—some, like tropical animals and plants, living only in the tropics; some, like consumption, gradually spreading over the whole earth, while others, like leprosy and smallpox, are by degrees becoming limited in their distribution, possibly tending, it may be, toward extinction. On the other hand, however, there are regions to which diseases have never reached, for instance, on the summits of high mountain ranges and in the circumpolar snowfields the earth and air and water are as barren of the microbes of disease as they are of animal life. The writer in The Review admits that in a country like Britain, thickly populated for many centuries, and with the freest circulation of population, it cannot be doubted that every yard of surface contains the germs of the more common diseases, and the native of some newer land brought over to Britain's shores falls a victim to its plague stricken soil, but by generations of a destructive elimination Britons have become highly resistant to their native diseases, yet not fully so, for cancer and consumption, two of the most common scourges, still hold powerful sway.

Evidence.

"Think of it!" exclaimed the somewhat pedantic citizen. "A generation or so ago boys were supposed to have a good knowledge of Latin before they were 16 years of age."

"What of that?" inquired the mild-mannered friend.

"Doesn't that show that our pretended advancement in refinement is a misapprehension?"
"Not at all. It proves that we are more considerate and humane, and therefore more refined. Think of the amount of corporal punishment it must take to give a boy a good knowledge of Latin before he is 16 years old!"—Washington Star.

Reading Character.

Dribbler—In my opinion, a man who writes an illegible hand does it because he thinks people are willing to puzzle over it. In other words, he is a chunk of conceit.

Scribbler—Not always. Sometimes a man writes illegibly not because he is conceited, but because he is modest.

Dribbler—Modest? What about?

Scribbler—About his spelling.—New York Weekly.

A Pleasant Change.

Softleigh—You must excuse me, Miss Cutting. I'm not quite myself to-night.

Miss Cutting—How delightful, how delightful! Introduce me to the other fellow, will you?—Chicago News.

A Doubtful Recommendation.

Buyer—Is this dog affectionate?
Dealer—I should say so! I have sold him four times, and every time he's come right back to me.—Flagstaff Blatter.

Discovered by a Woman.

Another great discovery has been made, and that too, by a lady in this country. "Desecase fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly, and could not sleep. She finally discovered a way to recovery, by purchasing of us a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and was so much relieved on taking first dose that she slept all night; and with two bottles has been absolutely cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Lutz. Thus writes W. C. Hamnick & Co., of Shelby, N. C. Trial bottles free at A. H. Tillson's Drug Store. Regular size 50c and \$1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. 4

Yellow Jaundice Cured.

Suffering humanity should be supplied with every means possible for its relief. It is with pleasure we publish the following: This is to certify that I was a terrible sufferer from Yellow Jaundice for over six months, and was treated by some of the best physicians in our city and all to no avail. Dr. Bell, our druggist, recommended Electric Bitters; and after taking two bottles, I was entirely cured. I now take great pleasure in recommending them to any person suffering from this terrible malady. I am gratefully yours, M. A. Hogarty, Lexington, Ky. Sold by A. H. Tillson, Druggist. 4

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by A. H. Tillson, Druggists, Dixon, Illinois.

The Klondyke, Yukon and Copper River Company.....

Is incorporated under the laws of the State of Montana. The capitalization is \$12,000,000, in 1,200,000 shares, fully paid and non-assessable.

\$10 Per Share !

This company is organized on the co-operative plan and will send thirty to forty skilled men into Alaska and the Northwest Territory to engage in transportation, mining dredging, prospecting and merchandising. They own their own ocean steamers, river boats and dredges. They have secured a lease of fifty miles from the Canadian government for dredging the Klondyke, Yukon, Indian, Stewart and McQueston Rivers, where the gravel beds and sandbars are exceedingly rich in gold. They hold the government contract for carrying the mail from Seattle to Sitka, Juneau, Skaguay and Dyea. They have secured the services of Jack McQueston and Hank Summers, both pioneers of high standing, who have guaranteed to stake 100 claims for the company, some of them in districts known only to these men. Also sandbars in Alaska rivers yielding an average of \$10 to the cubic yard. Half of the expeditioners are preparing to leave Chicago March 1. The others will go by way of St. Michael about July 1. A limited amount of stock will be disposed of to those seeking investment before March 1.

The following are the names of some of the officers and those going to the expedition: Rev. Frank V. Vroomin; Hon. D. I. Murphy, former U. S. Commissioner of Pensions; United States Senators Wilson and Blackburn; Hon. G. D. Meiklejohn, Assistant Secretary of War; Hon. C. Robinson Griggs, former President I. B. & W. Ry; Dr. G. F. Washburne, Surgeon; Judge John S. Goodwin, and John Dean, Chief Engineer St. Louis Park System; Hank Summers, Dawson, Field Manager; Dr. G. F. Washburn, Western Agent; Senator Sanford; L. O. Wilcoxon, Chief Surgeon.

For further particulars inquire at This Office or Chicago Headquarters PALMER HOUSE.

SECRETARY DAY'S RISE

From Country Lawyer to Head of the Cabinet.

CHARACTERISTIC OF OUR SYSTEM.

Foreigners Amazed at the Rapid Advancement of Our Public Men—They Rarely Fail to Succeed—Judge Day Is Unassuming, but Has a Long Head.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—[Special.]—Few Americans make as big a leap forward in a short time as Judge Day of Canton, O., has made in the last year. Though a new man in public life, unheard of outside his own immediate neighborhood a year or two ago, he is now at the head of the American cabinet. He is the ranking member of the government council, occupying a post which has been the aim and ambition of many veterans in the public service. It is a big jump from being a country lawyer in Ohio to rank with Salisbury, Von Bulow, Sagasta and the great men of the world's governments. But just such leaps forward are characteristic of American public life. Our system is one that brings men to the front with a rapidity which amazes foreign observers, and it is fortunately another characteristic of Americans that when the fates thus press them onward they rarely fail to meet all reasonable expectations. This is believed to be due to the wonderful adaptability of the average American. At any rate, the manner in which our citizens suddenly called to high posts in the government or the diplomatic service so conduct themselves as to stand comparison with the veteran and trained men of other governments is a source of constant wonder to foreigners.

Able Americans Diplomats. It does not follow, therefore, that because an American has had little training for high office he is going to fail in it. Certainly it does not fail in the case of Judge Day. As secretary of state he is likely to gain a very high reputation. Nor can it be said that he lacks experience. For a year or more he has virtually been secretary of state. He has had full management of the difficult Cuban question for the president, and surely that has been a hard enough school.

It will be remembered by your readers that in this correspondence I have several times in the past made the positive statement that Mr. Sherman was soon to retire from the state department. At the time these statements were made in your paper their truthfulness was questioned, but your correspondent knew absolutely what he was talking about, and he knew that the resignation of Mr. Sherman only awaited a favorable opportunity. It was impossible without doing injustice either to the president or to Mr. Sherman to make public in detail the facts upon which my statements were based, and it is not necessary to give them now.

This is not by any means the first time that an American citizen comparatively unknown has leaped to the highest ranks of public service. Abraham Lincoln was little known and had had almost no experience at all when he was chosen president of the United States. Later Mr. Olney of Massachusetts was appointed secretary of state by Mr. Cleveland without any previous experience in the state department or with diplomatic affairs. Yet he made one of the ablest secretaries of state this country has ever had, and in a tilt of brains and courage with the great premier of England came off first best in the Venezuela affair. There have been many other such instances—so many that it has become an axiom throughout the diplomatic corps of the world that it is impossible to tell how much strength or shrewdness an American is going to develop in high office by studying his past career. "The Americans—they are full of surprises," said an experienced foreigner of high rank, with a shrug of his shoulders.

The new secretary of state is a slender man of florid complexion, very quiet in his manners, given but little to talk about anything and then speaking in a low tone, never demonstrative, but always alert and quick. His training is that of a lawyer, and as a lawyer he had the reputation out in Ohio of being the quietest and most successful man in the business. He was known as a wise counselor, and it did not much matter what the case in hand was. He was said to have a long head, to be not only shrewd, but farseeing, and his advice was valued far beyond that of many men who were more showy in court or public.

Secretary Day a Poor Man.

Of course it is true that Mr. Day owes his rapid advance in public life to the close friendship which has existed for many years between him and the president. While Mr. McKinley was a mere congressman or a private citizen or governor of Ohio he still valued Judge Day's counsel very highly. More than any other living man the new secretary of state has been the confidant of the president, both before and after the inauguration. Secretary Day is not only a man with a "long head," as we Americans express it, but he is a close student. He keeps up his reading. Even throughout the period of tension over the Spanish affair, when the state department was the center of interest and action, Mr. Day spent many of his evenings in reading upon all the points of international law and precedent involved. In other words, it was in this way that he developed the American characteristic of quietly mastering any field of activity to which he was called.

The new secretary of state is a poor man, comparatively speaking. Probably his whole fortune and that of his wife could be called only a modest competence in Canton, O., while in Washington it is of course a very small sum indeed. Mr. Day as assistant secretary of state has found it necessary to live modestly in order to keep within his income, and as secretary of state I doubt if he makes any great departure in the way of taking a larger house or of increasing his monthly outlay. It will of course be impossible for him to live within his salary. Not more than one or two cabinet officers in a dozen are able to do that. But the late Judge Gresham demonstrated that the dignity of the office of secretary of state need not suffer through failure on the part of its incumbent to entertain lavishly or to keep up a style of living which meets foreign ideas in such matters. Mr. Blaine was the last secretary of state we have had who cared much for society. Mr. Gresham disliked it. Mr. Olney was much too busy with other affairs, and Mr. Sherman was never in all his long experience at Washington what might be called a society man.

WALTER WELLMAN.

SHE MISSED IT.

Because What the Congressman Said Did Not Apply to Her.

"I know what I am talking about," remarked a member of congress, "when I say that a congressman has trouble of his own. It's a fine thing to be a statesman and show up in the national parade of greatness at the capital, but there's a good deal more to it than that. And one of the things that is hardest to bear is what they say about us. Why, a lady can't come up here and ask to see a member that there aren't a half dozen people to wink and shake the head and a lot more of the same to make him wish all the women were in hades. Of course there is some ground among us for remarks, just as there is among preachers and doctors and hod carriers and everybody else human, and I know a woman or two who find their chief delight in trying to involve congressmen and other officials in any kind of a dirtation that comes handy. They are pretty and persuasive, and before a man knows what he is about he is down in the senate restaurant paying for a lunch and listening to some kind of a tale of woe.

"But they miss it now and then, and I am glad to note an instance. A member from a northern state had been invited to call at the lady's hotel the next day, and she had asked him to let her know if he could come. He wrote, saying among other things, 'Tomorrow, madam, I hope to see the loveliest woman in the whole world.' Naturally she was pleased and told all the people around the hotel about it. The next day he did not appear, and the next she saw him at the capitol and asked him what he meant by treating her so.

"What did I do?" he asked innocently.

"You said you were coming to see me," she said, blushing at the remembrance of his words.

"I think not."

"Indeed you did," she insisted. "You said you would see the loveliest woman in the world," and she blushed again.

"Oh, I beg your pardon," he said, smiling. "I meant my wife. She just arrived yesterday."—Washington Star.

THE STEAMER'S CHIMNEY.

Some Details of Interest Regarding Its Construction and Use.

The stroller along the wharfs who should see rising from the smokestack of a big steamer a small and at the start perfectly defined column of smoke which seemed to come from a small smoke-pipe within the big one might wonder if the great smokestack was filled with smaller stacks, one for each boiler. As a matter of fact it is not so filled, but there is within it a smaller smoke pipe called the donkey stack, which is the chimney for the boiler of the donkey engine, which is used when the vessel is in port in hoisting cargo in and out. It is from this pipe that the small column of smoke is seen to issue.

The donkey stack is placed sometimes against the forward inner side of the big stack, sometimes against the after inner side. It may be a complete pipe, or it may be formed of iron in the shape of half a pipe, with flanges riveted to the main pipe.

If a single one of the large boilers were used, as it might be when the ship is in port, it might be connected with the donkey stack, but in their regular and common arrangement and use the uptakes of all these boilers run into the great chimney, whose whole interior is open, except for the braces running across it to strengthen and support it.

The chimneys of all large steamships, however, and of many other steam vessels as well are built double, with an inner and an outer shell, with a space between varying according to the size of the vessel. It may be from five to ten inches. The primary purpose of this chamber around the smokestack is to afford ventilation for the engine room and the stokehole. In at least one modern passenger ship ventilating pipes from the passenger quarters have been carried to these chambers. Incidentally the space between the shells helps to keep the stack slightly, for thus constructed the chimney is cooler on the outside than it would otherwise be, and so it holds paint the better.—New York Sun.

A Trade Secret.

"Oh, Mr. Scannerton," she exclaimed affusively, "I have been waiting to see you! I wanted to tell you how much I appreciate that poem you had in the latest issue of The Cerebrum Magazine."

"You mean the one that begins:

"Through the turgid depths we plod and plow And clamber on, we know not how, To find the goals that promised rest But weary starting points at best."

"Yes," she answered, with dreamy, downcast eyes. "I like that. And it gets better as you go on. It is very much better."

"I am glad you like it," he said, with a more dignified manner and a better tone, you know. "I have a better idea of it than the little things that you say as if they were done offhand. Yet I know there must be a great temptation to do that kind of work."

"There is," was the answer. "I very narrowly escaped making this one sound so."

"Tell me how."

"I had to send the thing away in a hurry. I didn't have time to make it sound offhand."—Washington Star.

The simplest public railroad now operated is thought to be one between Atami and Odawara, in Japan. It is a narrow gauge road and is run by man power. The cars have seats for four persons each, who sit back to back. A train consists of two or three cars and is drawn up hill by half a dozen coolies.

A manuscript Hebrew Bible in the Vatican weighs 320 pounds and is the largest Bible in the world.

AN OPEN LETTER To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now bear the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher on every wrapper. This is the original "CASTORIA" which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.

LOOK CAREFULLY at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought and has the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher on the wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.

March 24, 1898.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which even he does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher

Insist on Having

The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

The fac-simile signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

is on every wrapper of CASTORIA.

Yukon Prospectors.

To complete Alaska Expedition. All Water Route. Staunch Ocean Steamer. New River Boat and Barge.

One Hundred Passengers at Only \$200 First Class. Only \$185 Second Class. Freight \$120 Per Ton.

Best of Steamers! Best of Service!

Departure May 25th, or earlier. Also 25 mechanics to pay only \$100 and work at St. Michael 10 to 15 days.

This Chance is a Snap for First Comers.

This expedition stops at all gold fields from mouth of Yukon River to Dawson City to acquire locations, and trade along route.

BRITISH STEAMSHIP LINE,

27 1/2 Market St., San Francisco, Cal.

HERE'S A 20th Century Dinner THAT IS A DINNER.



A Six Course Dinner of the choicest and most appetizing of Health Foods will be sent Absolutely Free, Express Paid, together with the menu and recipes for the preparation of each dish, to every new subscriber of our "GOOD HEALTH" Magazine.

You will make up your mind that Health Foods can have a home in your home when you have served this dinner.

We do not manufacture these foods, but fully endorse and recommend them.

Good Health Magazine is 32 years old. The largest magazine of its kind in America. Published monthly, handsomely illustrated, 64 pp., of wholesome home reading of interest to every member of the family.

NOT A Medical Publication but a home magazine full of timely hints on health, food, prevention and cure of diseases, contributions from able writers on interesting and instructive subjects, the kind of reading every mother enjoys, and wants her daughter to read.

Edited by Dr. J. H. KELLOGG, author of many standard books for home reading.

Send us \$1.00 for yearly subscription and get the HEALTHY DINNER, FREE! or 10c. stamps, for single copy.

GOOD HEALTH PUB. CO., Battle Creek, Mich.



The Paint Brush or The Scrubbing Brush, Which?

The day of the dusty carpet, the dirty floor and scrubbed brush is waning. A rug can be shaken in a minute—a paint floor can be cleaned with a duster.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS SPECIAL FLOOR PAINT

Is especially prepared for floors. It dries quickly. It gives a hard, glossy finish. It represents the difference between the light and the dark side of house-keeping.

If your dealer doesn't keep it, send for color card and learn where to get it. A book entitled "Paint Points," telling you all about the art of household painting, will be included, free.

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO.

PAINT AND COLOR MAKERS.

100 Canal St., Cleveland, 2629 Stewart Ave., Chicago.

397 Washington St., New York.

21 St. Antoine St., Montreal.

The fac-simile signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

is on every wrapper of CASTORIA.

IRONING MADE EASY



This starch is prepared on scientific principles by men who have had years of practical experience in fancy laundering. It restores old linen and summer dresses to their natural whiteness and imparts a beautiful and lasting finish. It is the only starch manufactured that is perfectly harmless, containing neither arsenic, alum or any other substance injurious to linen and can be used even for a baby powder.

For sale by all wholesale and retail grocers.

HARPER'S WEEKLY JOURNAL OF CIVILIZATION

Advertisement for Harper's Weekly, featuring portraits of authors and descriptions of the magazine's content, including news, fiction, and special articles.

The fac-simile signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

is on every wrapper of CASTORIA.

THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

SHAW & SON, EDITORS.
PUBLISHED BY
F. F. SHAW PRINTING COMPANY.
DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.
Entered at Dixon P. O. as Second-class matter
TERMS:
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DELIVERED BY CARRIER.
C. H. STACKPOLE, MANAGER.
Telephone.....Number 5

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY
EAST BOUND WEST BOUND
At Chicago: 3:25 a.m. B. Pac. Ex. 1:25 a.m. A
O'ly Lmt. 4:50 a.m. A. N. Ia. Ps. 8:25 p.m. K
O'ly Ex. 6:52 a.m. A. O'ly Lmt. 8:54 p.m. A
St. P. Ps. 7:22 a.m. C. St. P. Ps. 7:14 p.m. C
O'ly Ex. 11:00 a.m. C. O'ly Ex. 11:00 p.m. C
DeMn's Ps. 8:54 p.m. C. Col. Sp. 12:24 p.m. A
O'ly Ex. 8:15 p.m. A. O'ly Ex. 10:08 a.m. C
F. L. MURARY, Agent.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD
SOUTH BOUND NORTH BOUND
Pana. Ps. 3:25 a.m. Dub. Pass. 5:43 a.m.
Thru. Ps. 10:22 a.m. Thru. Ps. 4:30 p.m.
Elm. Ps. 5:00 p.m. Local Ps. 11:47 p.m.
Freight. 9:00 a.m. Freight. 12:50 p.m.
* Daily - Others daily except Sunday.
ANNA C. MEAD, Ticket Agent

WEATHER REPORT.

For the week commencing May 1, '28.

	T.	A.	P.	M.	Min.	Precip.
Sun.	59	74	65	74	54	1.22
Mon.	59	66	55	68	59	1.1
Tues.	50	53	—	—	49	1.1
Wed.	—	—	—	—	—	1.1
Thurs.	—	—	—	—	—	1.1
Fri.	—	—	—	—	—	1.1
Sat.	—	—	—	—	—	1.1

THE WEATHER.

The following is the weather forecast telegraphed us at 9:15 o'clock a. m. today from the government observatory at Chicago:

Cold and partly cloudy tonight and Wednesday, with showers in extreme south portions of the state.

Take Notice!

J. W. STEPHENS, Dentist,

desires to call your attention to the new cast aluminum plates for artificial teeth, that he is now prepared to make. They are far superior to swelled aluminum plates heretofore made—are stronger and can be adapted to the mouth more perfectly, thus securing a better fit. Please call and examine samples. All work pertaining to dentistry done in the best possible manner at reasonable prices.

Office, Corner Galena and 2nd St. Over Corner Drug Store.

DIXON MUSIC
MUSIC SEWING
ORGANS @ MACHINES
PIANOS @ BICYCLES
Opera House Block.

WHEN YOU
want to buy

SHOES

that are satisfactory in

Fit, Wear, Style and
PRICE,

.....go to.....

HALEY & DREW,
15 FIRST STREET
Dixon, Ill.

—For regular war dispatches, pictures, and a full map of the Philippine Islands, where the naval fight took place, see second page.

—Robert Pogue was up from Comp ton.

—R. W. Thompson is in Prophets town today.

—Horace Street is here from West Point, Miss.

—Mr. and Mrs. Jos. Brierton are up from Amboy.

—That is a handsome flag over the G. A. R. Hall.

—Street concert tonight by a patent medicine company.

—Mr. and Mrs. Amos Weisz are visitors from Penrose.

John Blocher was down from Franklin Grove yesterday.

—Attorney H. L. Coffey is in Milledgeville this evening.

—D. Herold Coburn of Sterling was here enroute for Peoria.

—Beverly W. Reynolds is home from a visit over Sunday in Chicago.

Steward was represented here by Morris Cook and J. M. Herrman.

—Mesdames John Ulrich and Eli Robinson are here from Lee Center.

—Mrs. Thos. Gilbert and Miss Addie Gilbert are here from Franklin Grove.

—Edward Wheat has returned to Belvidere after a visit with friends in this city.

—Harry Prouty has received word of the serious illness of his mother at Genoa, Ill.

—Howard G. Keigwin of Hamilton came up this morning to serve on the petit jury.

—Advertisements changed this evening: The "Golden Rule" shoe store; Chas. M. Todd.

—Emory Buck, W. O. Sunday, John Schott and H. O. Leet were here from Franklin Grove.

—Mrs. James Fee was called east yesterday on account of the serious illness of her sister in Pennsylvania.

—A marriage license was granted today to Frank H. Maronde and Miss Alice A. Miller of Franklin Grove.

—Mrs. Harcock and daughter, Miss Ethel, have returned to Freeport after a visit here with Mrs. L. O. Rosbrook.

—Otto E. Wild pierced his right thumb with a piece of steel a few days ago and has not returned to his shop yet.

—The Ladies' Afternoon Whist Club will meet with Miss Abbie Norris at Mrs. McAlpine's residence on Wednesday.

—News comes of the death in Chicago on Sunday of the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Scovell, our former citizens.

—Our former citizen, Geo. Dewey, of the hotel firm of Young & Dewey is a nephew of Commodore Dewey of recent naval fame.

—Mr. Buchanan, of the West Chicago street car line, was here yesterday and took young Parkens back to the city as a witness in a case.

—Charles Plein is endeavoring to plan an excursion train trip to Springfield for Sunday that all may visit Camp Tanner and the Company G boys.

—J. H. Anderson & Son have the contract to place a plate glass front in the Jos. F. Palmer building on Galena avenue now occupied by Miss Plouman millinery parlors.

—Representative James Brennan was here from Sycamore over night and is attending the Democratic convention at Amboy today. While here he was entertained by W. J. McAlpine.

—Jno. Schatzman is home from Chicago visiting his parents at their home in North Dixon. John is an engineer on the Chicago & Milwaukee railroad and runs between Chicago and Sylvania.

—The citizens of DeKalb celebrated the victory of Manila with bonfires and much hilarity last night. The noise could be plainly heard at the office of the Central Union Telephone Co. in this city.

—The city water in the mains on West Fellows street will be shut off tomorrow morning at 7 o'clock and continue so nearly all day. This is found necessary in making connections north from that point.

—George W. Farrell has enlisted with the veterans for the war. This is George's third enlistment, he having been a soldier in the Mexican war. He has had much war experience, domestic and foreign.

—Sterling has a Spaniard, but he is a loyal citizen of the United States. His name is Leon Angel, and he is a cook in a dining hall at present, but he has lived a roving life, first as a sailor, then in theatrical business. He has been in Cuba, and intends to go again, in the service of the United States if accepted.

Hanlon Nominated.

As we go to press we learn that Col. Fred Hanlon received the endorsement of the Democratic Convention at Amboy this afternoon for minority candidate for the legislature. He received 115 votes and the nomination was at once declared unanimous.

From the Sterling Gazette.

John Bracken of Dixon visited his brother Robert in Rock Falls yesterday.

Mrs. J. B. Shaeffer and daughter Katie were down from Dixon yesterday visiting the family of R. H. Sheldon.

—There is reason to believe that the silver leaders propose to carry their exercise of arbitrary power through the control of the United States Senate to extent of refusing to consent to the issuance of bonds for a war loan unless made specifically payable in silver.

The silver leaders are quoted as saying that they are unwilling to consent to the issue of any more "coin" bonds, even as a war measure, but kindly offer to consent to the coinage of all the seigniorage silver now in the Treasury and to a large issue of greenbacks. They propose to couple with this, it is said, a demand for an income tax, even in the face of the decision of the Supreme Court against the constitutionality of the proposition. Whether the voters of the country will relish seeing a lot of agents of the silver mine-owners hold the country up by the throat in time of war, for the purpose of forcing the silver theory upon the Nation, will be seen when they express themselves at the polls.

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HORSES—20 Head for Pasturing on Island Park. Pasture Good. ROSBROOK & BOYER. 1456*

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